EXHIBIT C

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

JOHNSON & JOHNSON HEALTH CARE

SYSTEMS INC.,

Plaintiff, . Case No. 22-cv-02632

vs. Newark, New Jersey

. October 30, 2023

SAVE ON SP, LLC,

•

Defendant.

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING
BEFORE THE HONORABLE CATHY L. WALDOR
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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                     (Commencement of proceedings)
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              THE COURT: All right. It's October 30th at 1:25.
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   Make sure the mics are close to you. This is 22-22632
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    Johnson & Johnson versus SaveOn.
              Let's have appearances, beginning with Johnson &
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    Johnson.
              MR. GREENBAUM: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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    Jeffrey J. Greenbaum, Sills Cummis & Gross. I'm here with my
    colleague Katherine Lieb on behalf of plaintiffs.
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              I'll let Mr. Mangi introduce his group.
              MR. MANGI: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Adeel
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   Mangi from Patterson Belknap Webb & Tyler.
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              I'm here with my colleagues Harry Sandick.
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              MR. SANDICK: Good afternoon.
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              MR. MANGI: -- George LoBiondo, Sara Arrow, Julia
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   Haigney-Long, and -- from Johnson & Johnson Health Care
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    Systems, Sheryn George.
                         Why are there only men at your table?
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              THE COURT:
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              MR. MANGI:
                         We've gone strictly in order of who's
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   handling the motions up first, Your Honor.
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                         Okay. That assumes I'm letting you
              THE COURT:
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    argue your motions.
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              MR. MANGI: Yes, it does.
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              THE COURT: Yes, which -- go ahead. Let's go,
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defense. 1 2 MR. WOHLFORTH: Good afternoon, Your Honor. I'm Evans Wohlforth from the Robinson Cole firm. With me are 3 4 Andrew Dunlap, David Elsberg and Meredith Nelson from Selendy 5 Gay & Elsberg for the defense. Thank you. 6 THE COURT: 7 So let me start out by saying, Mr. Greenbaum and 8 Mr. Wohlforth have appeared before me on a number of 9 occasions, as some of you have. And I think they will tell 10 you that I am relatively patient human being. And, by the 11 way, they are quite skilled, and I always love when they come 12 into my courtroom. 13 So you owe me a compliment, both of you. But outside of that, I spent the weekend reviewing 14 15 the papers. Obviously, I am not happy about it. 16 And Mr. Duva over here, in preparation of this 17 memo, spent many, many hours. 18 And I came in today after last night, thinking to 19 myself, well, here's what I'm going to do. I'm going to 20 leave the courtroom, and I'm going to let you have a real face-to-face discussion about this -- because it's apparent 21 22 from these letters, folks, that you don't even talk. 23 know what meet-and-confers you do. 24 But plaintiff says, we're already doing this. 25 Defendant said, no, you are not doing this. We did this

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what's before us?

partially. We did this -- and you're just crossing each other, which is exactly what happened the last time I had you here. And I heard you out last time, but I am not doing it this time. So my plan is this. Because Mr. Duva convinced me to discuss a minimum amount of things with you, the easy things. Then what you're going to do is have a face-to-face discussion and iron out some of these issues -- because you need to talk to each other. You're talking through me. don't want to be the "mommy" of the case. I want to be the judge. That being said -- sit down, Jeff. Have a seat. Have a seat. Relax. That being said, the first thing I want deal with -- and it's not going to be in your -- you can't even agree on an agenda, which is really funny, the order of the agenda -- the first thing I want to deal with is -- Tim, those twelve documents because that's freshest in my mind, which is your Exhibit 1. Yeah. So let's discuss the purpose of uncovering -- or opening up these exhibits, I assume, to show express and the other one, the documents --

MR. GREENBAUM: May I make a preliminary comment on

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1 THE COURT: On what? 2 What's before us, because as a MR. GREENBAUM: member of the bar, I feel an obligation to apologize to the 3 4 Court for the hundreds of pages that have been reflected in 5 these papers. We have each side submitting 10, 12, 14 pages 6 a side, thousands of pages of exhibits, currently small 7 microscopic font size. And in all my years I've never seen 8 letters on joint letters of this length and -- overlength, in 9 my view. 10 And when we get, you know, 10, 12 pages, we have to 11 respond to them. 12 My solution and my suggestion is that in the 13 future, any joint letters be limited to five pages per side 14 with full-size fonts. I think that's in keeping with what's 15 been done in the past in other cases. And it would force the parties to be clear and concise because I think it's an 16 17 impossible burden on the Court as well as the parties. 18 gone back and forth on some of these letters over a three-19 or four-week period just to get -- well, you said this, and 20 we said this, and then we have to respond to you. 21 So I think that would be a solution, at least to 22 avoid some of the problems in the future. 23 THE COURT: That may be a partial solution. 24 So I want everybody to know that I had a very short 25 ex parte conversation with Mr. Greenbaum before the swearing

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- in on Friday where I indicated that I was not happy with him.

 And I also had a short conversation with Evans,
- 3 Mr. Wohlforth, before you all came in the courtroom to tell
- 4 him my intentions and that I was as upset as I can be, which
- 5 | is a very high bar because I don't get upset at much.
- But it is kind of abusive when the Court has so
 many cases, many more cases than all of you have, to have us
 spend this much time reading these letters, as I said, that

you're clearly speaking through me, not to each other.

- And if you had spoken to each other about a quarter
 of a half of what's in these letters, we wouldn't be here
 today. But I accept that.
 - And I also discussed with you that I'm thinking about a special master in the case, and I don't know how people feel about it. I don't know that I care. I don't want to discuss it now. I'm in conference with the district judge about that. I like the case. I love the lawyers. I hate to do a special master and then impose that expense on the parties. But it's getting to that point.
 - So that may be one solution. To limit the submissions.
- I'd also like to limit -- I mean, I've been known
 to put on the docket, "There will be no further submissions
 to this Court. Figure it out."
- 25 I'm way past that point here. But let's move on

today. 1 2 Let's start with the 12 pages. 3 Tell me -- the 12 documents. Tell me what the 4 problem with this is. Can it be redacted? Let's -- from a 5 practical standpoint. Go ahead. 6 MR. ELSBERG: Sorry, Your Honor. It's our 7 motion --8 THE COURT: Yeah. 9 MR. ELSBERG: -- so just very briefly, as we 10 submitted to you in the papers and in the other motions as 11 well, one of the issues in the case is whether Johnson & 12 Johnson can identify people who take Janssen drugs who are 13 members of SaveOn pharmacy. It's a critical issue in the 14 case because if they can do that, yet they continue to pay 15 them, CarePath funds, that's a failure to mitigate. And it 16 can completely end a huge number of claims. Whether they can 17 identify those patients is absolutely critical. 18 And we have produced to Your Honor and the 19 documents at issue in this motion are benefit investigations 20 that Johnson & Johnson has conducted that show that yes, 21 indeed. 22 What do you want to do? THE COURT: 23 MR. ELSBERG: Well, we have served discovery 24 requests through a subpoena on ESI and Accredo. ESI is the 25 pharmacy benefit manager that works with SaveOn. Accredo is

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1 the pharmacy that ESI owns. It dispenses a lot of these 2 drugs. 3 The benefits investigation we submitted to you show 4 that say right on the face of them that Johnson & Johnson or 5 its vendor called up ESI or called Accredo and ESI Accredo 6 said, yes, indeed, this patient is a member of the SaveOn 7 plan and yet Johnson & Johnson decided to continue paying 8 that person CarePath funds. 9 So we're trying to get both information from them 10 and information from ESI and Accredo. And we go to ESI, ESI 11 says, "Well, we'd like a little bit more information about 12 this. When do the requests come in? How do we provide it? In what context?" 13 14 So what we want to do is take these documents, 15 these 12 documents, which we're glad to do on an AEO basis, 16 and show them to ESI's counsel so it can help them figure out where the relevant material in ESI is located. 17 18 And we're doing this simply to gain the discovery 19 from ESI's side. But Johnson & Johnson has said, "No. We're 20 not going to let you show these documents to ESI." 21 We think this is a very reasonable request, a 22 straightforward request. It'll help us get the discovery we 23 need. 24 MR. GREENBAUM: Your Honor, we produced these

documents on the highest level of confidentiality, eyes of

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1 counsel only. And something that the -- and they want to now 2 share it with not only their client but to third parties, their partners and we say their co-conspirators in this case, 3 4 who are not even parties to this case. There's no reason to 5 They don't need our documents to come back and tell 6 us what their documents say about us. 7 Your Honor, when I joined my firm, I had a partner 8 who complained to me about some search assignments that some 9 associates did. He was very smart, this partner. And he knew some cases. And he would say, "Research this subject. 10 11 Here are two cases." 12 And what he got back was a memo discussing at great 13 length those two cases. They don't need our documents to tell us what 14 15 communications they've had with us. They don't even need a 16 subpoena. They have -- this is their business partner. 17 should comply with the subpoena. 18 And this request is done in the height of hypocrisy 19 in two respects. Number one, they claim that the issue they 20 need this for is mitigation. If you recall, we had a list of 21 all these patients, and we wanted to show "eyes of counsel 22 only" documents to our client so we could mitigate. 23 They said, "Oh, no." And Your Honor denied that 24 request.

Here, they want to not -- disclose it to their own

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1 client; they want to disclose it to third parties without our 2 permission. 3 That's not permitted. We produced these documents 4 under the subpoena, under the DCO that gave us that 5 protection. And it shouldn't be going now outside of the 6 case, outside of the eyes of these counsels to third parties. The second point of hypocrisy, which Your Honor may 8 not have the full background on, we served subpoenas on 9 Accredo and ESI more than six months ago. It would be last January. And SaveOn fought, supported them tooth and nail in 10 11 fighting those subpoenas. They didn't serve their own 12 subpoena only until the end of discovery here, the 13 substantial completion date at the end of September. And we think that was done for window-dressing. 14 They didn't need a 15 subpoena to get documents from their own partners. 16 What happened with Accredo and ESI is they hired 17 the lawyer from -- we had meet-and-confers that went on for, 18 like, two or three months. And ultimately, they refused to 19 produce a single document. And we had to go and make 20 applications, not before Your Honor, who knows about this 21 case; they made us go to two different districts, and we had 22 to file papers in Missouri and Tennessee. And those 23 applications were fought by Accredo and ESI, and guess who 24 supported them? Mr. Dunlap filed an affidavit supporting

their application that they should produce no documents.

1 Well, they were ordered to produce documents, and 2 some of them are first dribbling in now. 3 This application, I think, is all to show they 4 don't need our documents. The DCO prohibits it, and it shouldn't be permitted. 5 Thank you. 6 7 All right. Let me ask you, get down to THE COURT: 8 the more practical issue. Why is this designated attorney's 9 eyes only? What's so -- it's about insurance benefits; 10 right? 11 MR. GREENBAUM: Yes. 12 THE COURT: So explain to me what the 13 confidentiality of this is or why the documents can't be 14 appropriately redacted as a middle ground. 15 MR. GREENBAUM: Well, because it shows the format 16 and the inner workings of how these benefit investigations 17 are handled. It goes through patients. It goes to 18 discussions that were had. There's no need for the third 19 parties -- they haven't articulated any need for third 20 parties to see our documents to decide if they have 21 communications with us. And, in fact, these are not 22 communications between us and ESI. These are internal 23 documents. It's not like we're giving them an email to ESI 24 and then they have to look in their files to see if they have 25 an email back to us. I mean, they don't need that to find

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it.

They should be able to comply and are their documents. required to comply with a subpoena. And the subpoena was served in September. our knowledge -- and we've been told that not a single document has been produced pursuant to the subpoena. think that just goes to add to the wholesale basis in this whole application and this whole claimed need for the subpoena. They don't need a subpoena to get documents from the cooperating parties, and they certainly don't need our confidential documents that do the same. THE COURT: I am not sure I understand -- okay. What you're saying is that there are descriptions of internal goings-on that may be subject to confidentiality. But I really don't see that. MR. GREENBAUM: Your Honor, this is our methodology of how we're trying to stop them from abusing our programs. And they -- this is, like, cat and mouse. If we show them how we got about approaching this, they'll just come up with more deception, as they've done all along. The documents are replete here, how they keep changing their tactics -- how SaveOn does -- to try to avoid detection. And if this shows -- Accredo and ESI, how we got about trying to find out if they belong to the SaveOn program, they'll just come up with new ways to try to defeat

They can do their own searches without our documents.

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|22-cv-02632, October 30, 2023 1 And they don't need our documents to answer this subpoena 2 These are highly confidential documents, that's been issued. eyes of counsel only, and they were produced on that basis. 3 4 THE COURT: So --5 MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, may I respond to a point 6 that he was --7 THE COURT: Yes. MR. ELSBERG: He said a few times that we want to 8 9 show these to our actual clients and we want to show these to 10 the business people at ESI and Accredo. That's not true. 11 it's AEO, we're not fighting the AEO designation right now. 12 We're not going to show it to SaveOn's business people. And all we want to do is show it to the counsel for 13 14 ESI and Accredo so they can use it as a guide for determining 15 where the relevant information is. 16 These documents are records of -- they're Johnson & 17 Johnson's records of discussions that they had with ESI and 18 Accredo where ESI and Accredo said, yes, this person is a 19

member of a plan advised by SaveOn. They have asked us, "Well, can you give us information about the context in which the discussions occurred, when they occurred," et cetera. That's what these records will help show them. We're not trying to use it for some business purpose here. want to give it to the ESI and Accredo lawyers as a guide for finding the relevant discovery.

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All of these accusations that we're trying to use it for some business purpose to try to evade detection is absolutely -- is absolutely not true. MR. GREENBAUM: And if we limit it to the lawyers only --THE COURT: Right. MR. GREENBAUM: Your Honor can't even enforce that, because they've avoided your jurisdiction. They made us go out to Missouri. They made us go out to Tennessee just to get responses to documents because under the federal rules, you have to go to the home county of the place of incorporation unless there's consent. And we asked them for their consent to go before Judge Waldor. They said, "No, we're not doing that." And they just made it more difficult and more difficult. So we now have three proceedings going on simultaneously to get documents. THE COURT: So those subpoenas haven't been fully litigated in those jurisdictions? Or they have? MR. GREENBAUM: There have been orders requiring compliance. There's one or two loose ends that are still outstanding, and we're still trying to get documents pursuant to those subpoenas and continuing to meet-and-confers. was a motion for reconsideration. Oh, it's too much.

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don't want to produce all this.

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So that's still going on. We're trying to get compliance with those subpoenas to enforce the orders of those courts.

And this now is a new subpoena that was issued until late September when all of this came up. And, in fact, they wrote this application in September before they even issued the subpoena. So the whole thing is really a put-up And it's not necessary. And they shouldn't get our internal processes in terms of trying to discover things that SaveOn has been trying since day one to hide.

MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor. A few things on that.

First of all, in terms of when we brought this, we brought it later in the period because they concealed from us benefits investigations showing that they could identify people in SaveOn plans until later in the period. In fact, one of the letters they filed with you last week, they had to concede that their prior representation to you that these investigations has nothing to do with enforcing the terms and conditions was false and, in fact, that they could and did task their vendor with identifying members of SaveOn plans. So they're trying to tag us with bringing this to you late when it's their own withholding of the information -- is really a little much.

Second of all, this is not about the motion that

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they have brought to enforce a separate subpoena against ESI and Accredo in another court. It's about what we're asking you to do in this court. We're not asking you to just turn over the documents to ESI or Accredo willy-nilly. No, we will have -- we wouldn't turn them over unless ESI and Accredo's lawyers signed the undertaking, signed the confidentiality order and say that they are not going to use it for any purpose outside the litigation. This constant accusation that we're going to try to use it for some business purpose is not true. We're asking you for this because ESI and Accredo have said we need quidance to help find the information that we need that will show that we actually provided this information to Johnson & Johnson on an ongoing basis. They're fighting us pretty hard. That, you know, the suggestion here, we think, is they know there's going to be lot of information showing that on a lot of occasions they could call up and get information from ESI and Accredo and actually identify these members. And that shows lack of mitigation. It's going to gut their claims. That's why they don't want it to get turned over. But we think we need this to get the discovery we need.

THE COURT: Well, I am not concerned with the

accused motive on either side. So we don't need to talk

about that because that's pure conjecture. 1 What I want to know is if, in fact, their attorneys 2 3 sign on to attorneys' eyes only, why doesn't that protect these documents? 4 5 Well, sort of two reasons. MR. GREENBAUM: 6 one, Your Honor, they are not members of this bar. 7 lawyer in Boston who avoided consenting to Your Honor's 8 jurisdiction. That would have been the logical thing to do 9 when we wanted to enforce the subpoena. 10 Number two, we have lawyers in Missouri and 11 Tennessee who are also not members of this bar. And so 12 that's the shortest answer. 13 But, number two, we've [sic] not given any 14 compelling reason why they need our documents to see what 15 their investigations have had. If they've had communications 16 with us, they should go in their documents and find them. 17 We're talking about 12 instances. We've turned over -- and 18 in the last day, benefit investigation documents, and we've 19 agreed to do that. And we've agreed to do that. We're not 20 hiding anything. 21 We're going to give them to SaveOn. 22 But this is the question that SaveOn wants to get 23 information from its partners. Let them get that 24 information. They don't need our 12 instances. And if these

are the only 12 instances in the world, then I think they're

1 going to have a very slim case in trying to prove anything 2 from 12 instances. 3 But they shouldn't be able to see our internal 4 operations that are revealed in these documents. They don't 5 need it. They can do their own due diligence and look in 6 their files and make their production, which they haven't 7 done. 8 So this is, to me, a spurious application. There's 9 no merit to it. And it should be rejected. 10 THE COURT: Tell me again what you intend to do 11 with these documents, very specifically. 12 MR. ELSBERG: We want to show them to counsel for 13 ESI and Accredo. It's the same firm. We want to -- so that 14 they can see the information that was provided to Johnson & 15 Johnson. And this -- the benefits investigation, you've seen 16 They'll say, yes, we called up Accredo with ESI to 17 confirm that this was a member of SaveOn plan. They'll talk about the date. There's other information there. 18 19 Counsel can then use that information to go try to 20 find in ESI and Accredo's files who would have communicated 21 this, when it would have happened, where that information may 22 be located. 23 THE COURT: Why does that matter? 24 MR. ELSBERG: Because we want the information. We

need to be able to find the information showing that they

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communicated all this to Johnson & Johnson.

The more that we can show that they communicated to Johnson & Johnson -- that ESI and Accredo communicated to Johnson & Johnson, that members of CarePath were taking Janssen were on SaveOn-advised plans, the worse it is for them because it shows that they could have mitigated their damages but they chose not to.

This is very important information, Your Honor.

This goes to a major issue in the case. And they are trying to ham-string us from conducting an investigation with ESI and Accredo. It's asking us for some help in finding the relevant information.

There's no risk of disclosure here. They'll sign the confidentiality order. They'll -- we will ask them to submit for purposes of this order, to the jurisdiction of the Court in case they stray outside. They can keep it on an attorneys'-eyes-only basis. But they should -- Johnson & Johnson should not be allowed to prevent us from conducting reasonable investigation with ESI and Accredo on this basis. There's nothing in here that's going to give away the game. We just need to find out where the information is.

And the accusations they're making against us are simply baseless. We just want to do discovery and find out where the information is.

MR. GREENBAUM: Your Honor, this argument makes no

We've given them the information. SaveOn is the one 1 2 that is going to produce -- make their arguments about 3 mitigation. They have these 12 instances. We've given them 4 that information on an "eyes of counsel only" basis. 5 don't need to give it to ESI and Accredo. ESI and Accredo, 6 if they want to find other instances, let them find other 7 instances. Our 12 instances, which we already told them 8 about, are not going to help them find other once. It will 9 help them maybe find these. And if they have a procedure to find any of these contacts, they should do it. 10 11 need our documents to do it. 12 I mean, this is just -- there's just no logic in 13 what they're seeking here. And these are our confidential 14 documents. We produced them in good faith under the 15 protections of these orders. Your Honor previously denied us 16 the right to mitigate wholesale by allowing us to share with 17 our clients information to allow us to mitigate damages, the 18 exact same issue. So we were denied that because they didn't consent. 19 20 And we're not consenting. These are our very sensitive 21 information. They don't need our documents. They know about 22 They want to find more, let them ask their the 12 instances. 23 partners to find more. They have a subpoena requiring them 24 to do so. 25 Since when does a subpoena require another party to

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share their confidential documents? This is, like, my 1 2 partner's two cases. If we get back the 12 instances only 3 what does that accomplish? MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, I've got to say this 5 is -- we're really surprised at the level of the resistance 6 The whole argument about we don't want to -- we didn't 7 want to declassify our patient list so they could go forward 8 in the future and take people off of SaveOn. It has nothing 9 to do with what they've done in the past. 10 This is about historically, could they identify 11 people on SaveOn plans or not? Or not. And if they could 12 have but they kept people on, that's going to dispense a huge 13 number of their damages. 14 And what you heard Mr. Greenbaum said, I think, is 15 typical of a lot of things we hear from them -- and we do 16 meet and confer, which is trust us. We've given you what 17 there is. You don't need anything more, nothing more to --But we don't think that's right. And we don't 18 19 think we should have to take their word for it. 20 And when we get to the letter we put in about a CAP 21 program, we'll hear from our colleague that we are concerned 22 that they haven't given us everything on benefits and --23 THE COURT: That's not -- we'll get to that when we get to it, but --24 MR. ELSBERG: No, but I want to shoot down this

idea, Your Honor, if I may, that they've given us everything 1 2 and don't worry about it. 3 We don't know that they've given us everything --4 THE COURT: Okay. That's fair. 5 MR. DUNLAP: And we need to find out what's going 6 on with ESI and Accredo. 7 But I still don't know what these THE COURT: documents -- what further information these documents would 8 9 disclose to you or disclose to these two other -- how is this 10 a quide for information? 11 MR. GREENBAUM: Aren't we asking the wrong 12 question? Isn't it why do they need these? They've not 13 given any articulated reason that makes any sense as to why 14 they need our documents to respond to a subpoena which asks 15 them about their communications with us. 16 SaveOn already knows about these 12 instances. 17 How are these 12 instances going to help them with any other documents? 18 ESI and Accredo, both owned by Cigna, 19 the same company, can do their own search and respond to 20 their parent's inquiry and respond to the subpoena. They 21 don't need -- these 12 documents are not going to add 22 This is typical of -anything to it. 23 THE COURT: That's why I'm asking him. 24 What if you were to give certification as to the 25 people that were contacted with ESI -- from ESI and Accredo?

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1 MR. GREENBAUM: The names of the people? 2 THE COURT: Yeah. 3 MR. GREENBAUM: Why do -- why would we be obligated to do that? 4 5 THE COURT: You're not. I'm asking a question. 6 MR. GREENBAUM: I don't understand how --7 Well, they say they want information THE COURT: 8 from the people from Accredo and ESI. 9 MR. GREENBAUM: Wouldn't the normal way to do that, 10 Judge, is that you would have a search done. You would go to 11 Accredo and ESI and say, tell us about communications with 12 J&J. All right? And they would go to the right people, and 13 that's exactly --14 THE COURT: How do they know -- how do they know 15 the right people, though? 16 MR. GREENBAUM: Well, that's their business. 17 have to do it for our subpoena. We've gotten court orders 18 requiring them to answer a whole list of document requests --19 right? -- that deal with communications with us. And about 20 SaveOn. And they're required to do that. That's what's been 21 going on here. That's what each side has done. We've done 22 searches about SaveOn. We've done searches to respond. 23 they've done the same. They talked about all the great 24 numbers of documents they produced. And that's how parties 25 operate. They make their own searches independent.

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didn't go to them and say, "Tell us what you said to so we 1 2 can then find our documents so we can respond to you." Each party has an independent obligation. 3 4 And these now are third parties. They don't need 5 our documents to fulfill their legal obligations. 6 And this is typical of what's happening here. 7 make these broad overreaching requests in the hope that 8 Your Honor will split the baby and give them something. 9 Well, they are not entitled to this. 10 MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor. 11 What if you had the contacts, the names THE COURT: 12 of people that were contacted with respect to these 12 13 investigations? If they could tell us who at 14 MR. ELSBERG: 15 Johnson & Johnson spoke to whom at ESI and Accredo and the 16 dates on which they spoke and the names of the patients that 17 they spoke about, then we would definitely start with that. 18 But they have refused to give us anything on this. 19 Refused to give us anything on this anywhere close to that. If they want to --20 21 THE COURT: What's forthcoming --22 If they're worried about the MR. ELSBERG: 23 individual documents but they'll give us the data that we 24 need, we'll start with that. 25 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, this -- I'm sorry.

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1 didn't mean to interrupt. 2 THE COURT: No. Go ahead. This goes to an issue about 3 MR. MANGI: Okay. 4 working with the client. So I'm just going to pop in to 5 supplement what's been said so far. 6 Your Honor, when we are asked to go and figure out 7 who in the Johnson & Johnson family of companies was talking 8 to someone; right? And remember that's 200-plus companies 9 scattered around the world, of course, there's a way to do But it takes a lot of effort. We would go to 10 11 Ms. George. She would find the right business units. 12 would talk to the right business people. They would help us 13 identify, okay, who has responsibility for a particular 14 subject matter. That's the process we go through. And we go 15 through it in regular course of discovery. 16 But ESI, which is one of the biggest companies in America, is certainly capable of doing exactly the same 17 18 They would go to their in-house counterpart. 19 would talk to the relevant business units. They would say, 20 okay, you know, who's dealing with J&J? Who are your points 21 of contact? They don't need us to go and do that work on our 22 end just to save them from having to do that work on their 23 This is their business partner. They're running this

whole scheme together. So if they want to find who's talking

to J&J within their outfit, whether it's SaveOn or SaveOn

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plus ESI, they're fully capable of doing that. They just need to talk to their business and say, "Who is talking to J&J?" The idea that for them to figure that out, they have to start by us going and doing this deep investigation about who's talking to them is completely backwards. If they want to do that, go ahead and do that. That's part of getting their case ready. We're getting our case ready. But we don't have to get their case ready. MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, since he stood up, I'd like to respond, if I can. So the issue here is whether or not there is information that SaveOn does not already have that will allow us to show additional instances, more instances, where J&J knew, they knew that a patient was a SaveOn patient and yet they made the decision, the volitional decision, the conscious decision to keep paying, for every single patient like that, they get no damages. The reason they got no damages is because there's no causation. If they made the business decision to keep paying, they caused the payment. And even if Your Honor said, "Well, no, there is causation," even though there's not, it's also a total failure to mitigate.

So when we say this could put an end to or gut

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their case, it will gut their case on a patient-by-patient 1 2 And also when we show that not only did they identify SaveOn patients, but that they could, they knew where they 3 4 could go to get this information about who are SaveOn 5 patients and they decided we know how to do it but we're not 6 going to do it, that will also show it was their choice, they 7 caused any supposed damages, their damages, they say, are 8 what they paid to SaveOn patients. 9 And it will also show a total failure to mitigate. 10 So against the arguments that they're making, I 11 would suggest to the Court that the importance of these 12 documents should be considered. They're saying that given 12 13 documents -- I am not sure what they're saying -- is it a 14 burden to give 12 documents? No. 15 They say there's a confidentiality issue. 16 there's not. 17 This will be attorneys' eyes only. So their 18 arguments -- there's no burden argument. Their 19 confidentiality argument is extraordinarily weak. You have 20 lawyers, whatever bar they are, when a layer signs a 21 protective order, the presumption is, unless there's a 22 reason -- they are not going to risk their law license. 23 their arguments about what these -- this is 12 documents 24 shouldn't be given are very, very weak arguments. 25 And on top of that, Your Honor, on top of that,

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that.

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what we just heard is that here's another reason why these 12 documents that are easy to get shouldn't be given. What we are hearing from counsel is they can do an enormously burdensome search, talk to all sorts of people. It's a very heavy lift. Well, that's irrelevant. the question for today: How could they do it? The point is when counsel says that ESI can do it, they don't need their documents, that is an assertion that is simply not true. And how do we know it's not true? We know it's not true because ESI has specifically said, "We're having trouble do this. Please give us these documents." It's not that we said, "We have good idea -- we want to give this to you." They have said, "It will help us. It will help us find this information." And that information is very important because I don't think the other side is going to stipulate, if we say, look, we believe -- we believe that ESI -- there are 24 people at ESI who told you, J&J, that 5,000 patients are SaveOn patients. And each of these 24 people not only told you, but they told you 30 times, each of them, over and over

And we want to be able to show the jury -- we don't

and over and over again. They're not going to stipulate to

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1 want to say, "Listen. We think maybe we have all the 2 documents. We're not sure because ESI said, 'We need the 3 help." We want to be able to, with the records, with the 5 documents, put those documents to J&J witnesses. We want to 6 be able to put that the witnesses from ESI and tell the jury 7 with specificity, here's what happened. 8 Now, J&J, trust us. 9 There is really no delta between what SaveOn 10 already knows and SaveOn can already get. 11 ESI has told us differently. And even if ESI had 12 not told us differently, what I would suggest to Your Honor 13 is that it is reasonable. It is a reasonable thing to conclude that we will get additional information from ESI 14 15 that will help us find more patients that they knew about, 16 more people who told them about it. 17 And given the extraordinary importance of these 18 documents, even that should be enough because, again, the 19 three things they've said, if they look for it, it's a 20 burden. 21 Who cares? 22 That's not what we're talking about. 23 They said confidentiality. 24 Not a concern. There's a protective order. And the last thing they say is their assertion,

1 their empty assertion is we already know it. 2 But ESI has told us, we can give you more 3 information if you help. 4 So, Your Honor, I would ask you to weigh whatever 5 merit there might be to their arguments against how important 6 this information is to us. 7 And I won't go into the CAP documents. But it's 8 the same issue. Their arguments to try to keep this from us 9 and the Court are arguments to keep what are probably, if not 10 the most important, among -- among the most important because 11 they have no answer -- if you look at their letters on this, 12 they have never said, "You know what, SaveOn? You're wrong." 13 They've never say that if SaveOn can show, they identified --14 that J&J identified SaveOn patients, they have never said, 15 That's not going to gut our damages." "You're wrong. 16 They've never said that. Look at their CAP letter. 17 They don't have an answer to that. And that's why 18 these are crucial. We can show thousands of patients were 19 ones they chose, they chose to pay, even though they could 20 have pressed the button and said you're off. You don't get 21 CarePath anymore. 22 So it's hard -- it's just hard, Your Honor, to 23 think of a document that's more important and their arguments 24 to withhold these arguments should be very, very compelling.

And they're just not, Your Honor. We need these documents to

have a fair opportunity to defend ourselves or they can say 1 2 they're not going to seek damages because they are not giving 3 us the evidence, and they are trying to stop us from getting 4 evidence that will help defend ourselves. There's no burden 5 There's no confidentiality -- we're talking about 6 12 documents that go to counsel. Weighed on the other side 7 is what if we found another 100 instances where they knew and 8 paid patients. We shouldn't have to pay damages for those 9 What if we find 100? What if we find just one? patients. 10 They shouldn't get damages. 11 So we have the most important documents on one 12 side, and we have nonconcerns or slight concerns. We should 13 get the documents because we should be able to get this 14 information, Your Honor. 15 MR. GREENBAUM: Your Honor, excuse me for standing 16 up multiple times; I thought Mr. Elsberg was done. 17 THE COURT: That's fine wrap it up, though. 18 MR. GREENBAUM: The why these letters are so long 19 is because in any case, the application is whether it's going 20 to end the case. 21 We don't agree with their arguments that this is 22 going to establish the mitigation. If it were so easy to 23 establish mitigation, if we weren't required to -- if we had 24 to cut off these patients, why are they making such efforts 25 to hide the fact that SaveOn is involved in these patients?

We have been trying to find out. They fought us tooth and nail in not allowing our clients to have the information. So this is the -- the merits are not ripe here for discussion.

They still have not established why giving them information on these 12 instances helps ESI otherwise find the information. If this is so important to SaveOn and to their case, the business partner who's up to their eyes in this conspiracy, which should put in the effort to find the documents. They don't need our 12 instances, which SaveOn already knows about, to find other instances. It's illogical. It doesn't help at all to know that 12 instances, which they already know, how is that going to help them find other instances? We've given over documents on these benefit investigations. There are going to be discussions about that later on today. So that's not an issue. We are not hiding anything.

But protective orders should mean something. When we proceed in good faith to produce something on the eyes of counsel only, we expect it to be honored and not shared with third parties who are not even parties to this case and to lawyers who are even in this jurisdiction and affirmative fought to avoid Your Honor's jurisdiction.

So there's no logical connection as to why these documents help them in any way. ESI has an obligation,

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independent, to comply with our subpoena and to comply with They're required to put in effort to do so. they should be required to do that. They don't need our help in 12 instances, which SaveOn already knows about. MR. ELSBERG: Since it's our motion, might I have a very short reply? So, Your Honor, I hope that Your Honor noticed counsel referred to what I said about how everybody knows that these documents are important because it will negate causation, and it will negate and it will show they failed to mitigate. Counsel heard me talk about that. And what counsel said was not an argument against that. He didn't say causation would not be negated by these documents. We didn't say this will not show a failure to mitigate. He sort of changed the subject and said, "Well, if it was easy to find these documents, then ESI would already do it I am that the I am not exactly sure what he said, but I know what he did not say. They don't have an argument against these documents being crucial and case-killers. And then -- I am not done -- and then --MR. GREENBAUM: Excuse me. MR. ELSBERG: -- the other thing that we heard is what we heard before, which is they say, well, SaveOn has -why does SaveOn need these? SaveOn knows the 12 instances.

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1 SaveOn should go to their business partners and say, "Please 2 do this." 3 We did. 4 We did exactly what he said we should do. We went 5 We said, "We want the information." to them. They said, "We need help." 6 7 So, again --8 THE COURT: What do you mean "the information"? 9 mean, aren't these communications between J&J and ESI and 10 Accredo? 11 MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor. There's the point. 12 There's the point. 13 There are records that they have, that they have, 14 Johnson & Johnson, that show what communications happened 15 that is right? And those documents ESI has said, "Give us 16 those documents because we don't have complete information on that or it would be difficult for us to find." 17 The information on those documents that show who 18 19 was in contact with who, what was said, which patients were 20 mentioned, ESI has said, we don't -- it'll make it easier for 21 us to then go talk to the right people and find the right 22 documents. It will help, Your Honor. It will help. 23 help find documents that are absolutely critical. 24 THE COURT: Well, my decision is not based on what 25 it will help or whether or not it will help.

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I think that they're relevant insofar as Accredo I also would say that they are protected if, in and ESI. fact -- I don't care what jurisdiction their attorneys are Just because you're out of state doesn't mean you are not going to abide by a protective order. So I'm going to have these made available with signature by attorneys for ESI and Accredo. MR. ELSBERG: Thank Your Honor. THE COURT: So let me talk to you about 162. Ι refer you to my text order Number 127, which was pretty clear in terms of the decision-makers I am not sure why we're still arguing about this. [As read] Plaintiff shall conduct a further investigation regarding non-JJHCS personnel responsible for making decisions regarding the CarePath program and shall supplement interrogatory responses as appropriate. MS. NELSON: Your Honor, I can address this one. THE COURT: Okay. MS. NELSON: Oh, I'm sorry I don't -- if I'm not projecting well enough without the mic. THE COURT: No. We need the mic. MS. NELSON: Okay. THE COURT: There's a couple of mics over there too.

MS. NELSON: So I'll keep this very short.

1 THE COURT: Okay. 2 When we were here last time, you MS. NELSON: recall, I'm sure in vivid detail, the fairly lengthy colloquy 3 4 we had about what we wanted. I think the parties disagree 5 about what Your Honor's meant. 6 THE COURT: Yes. 7 MS. NELSON: Of course Your Honor can tell us what 8 your order meant, but this is what we want today. 9 What we want is for J&J to answer the rogs that we 10 served, the language of the rogs we served, based upon 11 information in their possession, custody, and control. 12 is a basic requirement of the federal rules. And our problem with this decision-maker limitation 13 is that it leaves out relevant people; right? So if the four 14 15 people at this table sat in a room and talked about an issue 16 and tried to come to decision, I can tell you, Your Honor, if 17 someone were trying to figure out who the decision-maker is, 18 I certainly would not be on that list. But I have relevant information. I sat in the 19 20 room. I had the conversation. I was part of the 21 decision-making process. I have relevant information. 22 And the rogs we served are very --23 THE COURT: Or what you're saying is you don't 2.4 trust them to identify decision-makers? 25 MS. NELSON: No, our problem is that we want

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everyone with relevant information. And we don't think that 1 2 just decision-makers necessarily captures all that. I don't know what they mean by decision-makers; right? It could be, 3 4 you know, sitting in this room, maybe only you're the 5 decision-maker or maybe the lead counsel of each table and 6 you are a decision-maker. I just don't know what that means. 7 I just want the people who have relevant 8 information. If someone was sitting in a conversation or 9 someone at J&J was talking about, wait, should we change our terms and conditions to say this, they have relevant 10 11 information that goes to the interpretation of those terms 12 and conditions. We just want their names. Like, this is --13 this really is very basic stuff. These are basic rogs that 14 you serve at the beginning of discovery, and the parties are 15 obligated to answer them fully to give people with relevant 16 information that they can identify, based on what's in their 17 possession, custody, and control. So I'll leave it there. I don't want to rehash the 18 19 whole conversation. But we think that -- we still don't have 20 a complete list of relevant people. And, frankly, we still 21 don't think they've searched in the right places. But this 22 goes, I think, in the first instance to the interpretation of 23 your order and what we want. We just want answers to our 24 rogs. 25 MS. HAIGNEY-LONG: Good afternoon, Your Honor.

Julia long for plaintiff.

I want to be clear about what counsel is saying.

What I heard is that they did not like the limitation in the order that Your Honor issued. To be very clear and to return to the order at question, your June 29th order directed JJHCS to, quote, "conduct a further investigation regarding non-JJHCS personnel responsible for making decisions regarding the CarePath program and to supplement interrogatory responses as appropriate."

That was a June 29th order. It is now

October 30th. The time for reconsideration of that order and reconsideration of the scope of that order has long passed.

We complied with Your Honor's order immediately after the conference. We began our investigation. At that point, or shortly thereafter on July 5th, we received a letter from opposing counsel with an extreme ask of who we should do. They said -- and I quote just for a few examples -- that any reasonable investigation must include speaking with all members of the Janssen Americas Leadership Team and their support staffs, including communications teams.

That's 20 of the top leaders across the J&J family of companies. The vast majority have nothing to do with the CarePath program. The person who is responsible for decision-making in South America is not relevant to this

1 case, and there's reason for us to speak with them. 2 They also demanded that we speak with Janssen Drug 3 random employees with a laundry list -- vice presidents, 4 senior directors, directors, senior managers, managers for 5 products, market access, sales, and national accounts for 6 Janssen drugs at issue in this case for each of the Janssen 7 drugs. 8 That is about 130 additional people. Again, not 9 relevant to this action and certainly not encompassed in what Your Honor directed us to do. 10 11 At the June conference, we had different opinions. 12 We said, as has been our position, that JJHCS is the relevant 13 entity. It is the entity that makes decisions about the 14 CarePath program. 15 Counsel for SaveOn had different view. 16 Your Honor directed us to go back and answer the 17 interrogatories as to the non-JJHCS personnel. 18 That's what we did. And we supplemented our 19 interrogatory responses, to be clear, to add six additional 20 personnel, one of which was a JJHCS employee. The other five worked for other Janssen entities. We've now disclosed that 21 22 to opposing counsel. And, really, there's nothing else for 23 us to do here. 24 THE COURT: That's correct. 25

So I believe my order's clear as to

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1 decision-makers. 2 And what your interpretation of a decision-maker and their interpretation of a decision-maker is, I am not 3 4 getting into the weeds with that. They've given you the 5 information on who they propose as decision-makers on CarePath. And that will be that. 6 7 Go ahead. 8 MS. NELSON: Your Honor, can I put one thing on the 9 record very quickly. Right. 10 THE COURT: Yeah, sure. 11 MS. NELSON: So when we're talking about JALT and 12 the brands, the JALT, Janssen Americas Leadership Team --13 right? -- we did not ask in our letter to go speak with 20 14 senior executives of the JALT. We asked them to 15 investigate -- right? -- because they had said to us over and 16 over again, there's only one person on the JALT with relevant 17 information. In fact, they won't actually say that. 18 say there's one person on the JALT who was a decision-maker. 19 But we know, based on documents, that there were 20 other people on the JALT with relevant information. So the 21 reason --22 How do you know? And what is that THE COURT: 23 information? Have you discussed that with your adversary? 24 MS. NELSON: Yes, and we've had these discussions.

It's in emails. They received emails about --

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1 THE COURT: Is that how you're meeting and 2 conferring? By emails? 3 MS. NELSON: No, we've had phone conversations as 4 well, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: That's going to stop. 6 MS. NELSON: Okay. 7 THE COURT: Your meet-and-confers are going to be in court. 8 9 Go ahead. 10 MS. NELSON: I just want to make this clear that 11 when we ask them to look at the JALT and we ask them to look 12 at the brands, it is because we know, based on seeing 13 discovery and, frankly, what we know from our client, from 14 other -- from conversations that those are the people who are 15 making decisions about CarePath. They have budget 16 responsibility for CarePath. They decide how much money J&J 17 is going to pay out. That's where CarePath gets its money; 18 riaht? So there is a reason that we have concerns about the 19 answers they gave and we don't think they're complete. 20 But I understand, of course, Your Honor's ruling. 21 And I just wanted to make this record very clear. 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 Did you want to respond quickly? No. MS. HAIGNEY-LONG: No, Your Honor. 24 25 THE COURT: I like that "quit while you're ahead"

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Yeah, this leads me really to -- last time we were here, I asked you -- we're talking about T&Cs now -- to modify your ask, to review and modify so that you weren't asking for everything in the world.

6 You did not do that. There was no modification. 7 There is no change in your asks.

I mean, it seems to me from this letter, you want everything and anything that whispers. And that's not proportional to this case or any case, number one.

Number two, if, in fact, you were to modify and limit the scope of your requests and we found as a result of that information was disclosed that very specifically you could come to me and show me and say, "Wait a minute. Look what we found. We're going to X now or Y now," you have asked for everything with respect to that. There is absolutely no limitation.

I don't know how to impress upon you that the case has to be directed on both sides. It's not. It's swimming in the ocean here. There's got to be direction. And there's got to be a way to funnel, whether the funnel goes out and large on the top, it starts small so that we're not asking for everything in the world, thereby stalling this case for years and years.

> So -- yeah. Yes.

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MR. DUNLAP: So we did attempt to narrow and specify what we're doing. And I think it goes to three specific areas, three specific areas. And, again, just want to emphasize -- right? -- they chose to bring this tortious interference claim. The meaning of the terms and conditions is a central issue in that claim. It's a central issue. They've taken the position that New Jersey applies. As I'm sure you know, New Jersey contract law focuses on the intent of the parties so parol evidence, extrinsic evidence is highly, highly important. So the three areas we are looking at, one is the drafting history. The drafting history. We have zero documents, zero documents, about the drafting of the "other offer" provision, which is the central provision at issue in the general terms and conditions. Not --THE COURT: So do you think there will be emails that redefine "other"? Or -- it's such a general term. We have -- we believe that there was MR. DUNLAP: never -- that Johnson & Johnson never actually believed that the "other offer" provision applies to plan terms, which is what is at issue here. I mean, at the fundamental, that drafting history is primary evidence of what the drafting party intended. And Johnson & Johnson is the sole drafter here. They have told us that they drafted the "other offer" provision as part of the predecessor program -- the

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   predecessor program or programs. They know what those
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   programs are. They know who worked for them. But they will
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   not tell us what the programs were. They will not tell us
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   who the employees were.
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              THE COURT:
                         Is that the response that they will not
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    tell you?
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              MR. DUNLAP:
                          That is the response. What they've
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    just said is, well, they have one custodian who worked on the
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    transition --
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              THE COURT:
                          Right.
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              MR. DUNLAP: -- and they'll add a few months from
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    their documents, going back into 2015.
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              But they won't go back to the people who actually
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   worked at those predecessor programs and search for documents
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    that could go to the drafting here. That could go to the
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    drafting here.
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              THE COURT: How many drafts were there?
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              ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF: Your Honor, I am not sure
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   how many drafts there were. Our document retention
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    effectively allows us to go back to about 2013. They've
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    asked us to go back to at a minimum 2009 --
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              THE COURT: We talked about this.
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              Go ahead.
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              ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF: Yeah, and maybe beyond
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    that.
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|Hearing 46 |22-cv-02632, October 30, 2023 1 This term has been used in other pharma offers. 2 It's been used by Horizon, Uber --3 THE COURT: Everywhere. 4 ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF: -- everyone uses it. 5 We would love, Your Honor -- let me just cut to the 6 chase -- we would love to have a document that is like the 7 kind that Mr. Dunlap is describing, and we did go back and we 8 spoke to some people who are relative of the vintage of the 9 people who were there around 2013, '14, thereabouts. 10 We don't have nonprivileged documents to produce to 11 them. 12 And so what we offered to do was to do some 13 additional searching. And we engaged in some meet-and-confer. They asked for what would have effectively 14 15 been 300,000 documents. We came back with a much smaller 16 proposal. And rather than continue to bargain over this, 17 they wrote to Your Honor and went to the Court. 18 So we have already produced documents about the 19 issues that they talked about. We've produced documents 20 showing how the terms and conditions are to be applied. 21 We've produced documents showing the 2022 changes -- 2022, 22 there were some changes made to the program for two drugs.

We produced instructions to our vendor TrialCard.

produced call notes from thousands of calls at TrialCard, our

vendor, that actually talks to the patients. We produced

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thousands of call notes from TrialCard to show how these 1 2 things are being done. We've done the best question. We're 3 willing to do a little bit more. But we weren't willing to agree to 300,000 more 5 documents to review when everything we know indicates that 6 these documents will never be found. We're willing to do a 7 little bit more to try to bridge the gap. But that wasn't enough, and they wrote to 9 Your Honor rather than take our interim offer or continue to bargain. They actually moved up in the number of documents 10 11 at one point. 12 I'll stop. 13 THE COURT: I am not going to resolve the T&C --14 the terms and conditions issues. I am not going to do it. 15 You're going to have to work those out yourself. 16 That's what you're going to come here -- and if it's weekly, in person -- and work out terms and conditions. 17 18 I'm just not going to do it. MR. MANGI: Your Honor, I have to --19 20 THE COURT: Does this mean a district court is 21 going to have to decide what "other offer" means? 22 It's a key issue in the case, MALE SPEAKER: 23 Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: I know it is. But it's also -- you 25 know, ambiguous. And I know you're looking for something to

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    define it by my very words ambiguous.
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              But going back to the year 2000-and-whatever, if
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    there are 64 drafts, how is that going help you?
              MR. DUNLAP: We don't know --
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              THE COURT:
                         Towards intent.
              MR. DUNLAP: We don't know what there is because
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    they won't tell us.
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              And they say, "Oh, you know, other drug companies
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   use it now, or Amazon uses it now."
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              Maybe. But that's the relevant. They drafted it.
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    They got it from somewhere.
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              And this is the standard contract --
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              THE COURT: But how does that go to how it was
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   utilized?
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              MR. DUNLAP: Because if we can show that when they
    sat down to draft the "other offer" provision, they had some
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    understanding of what it would apply to and plan terms are
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   not on that list, that would be core evidence that they
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    don't -- they never really believed at the time of drafting
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    that it applies to the plan terms. It's the benefit terms at
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    issue.
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                         But let me go back to my question --
              THE COURT:
   because say there are 65,000 emails that say this is what
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    "other offer" means but it's never implemented in that
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   manner.
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1 MR. DUNLAP: Yes. 2 THE COURT: What does it matter what their thought process was prior to the implementation of "other offer" if 3 4 in reality the implementation had nothing to do with the 5 first draft or the third draft or the fifth draft? MR. DUNLAP: Evidence of what they thought a 6 7 contract -- a final term meant at the time is absolutely 8 relevant. 9 THE COURT: At the time. MR. DUNLAP: At the time that they drafted it. 10 11 Well, I was just starting the drafting history. 12 We also then need to talk about course of 13 performance, which I haven't even gotten to yet. 14 But the drafting history, we don't know what 15 drafting history there is. Now, he said things -- the other side said things 16 17 about their retention policies going back to 2013, but their 18 letters are very carefully worded. They don't say they don't have documents before then. 19 20 If they have documents, they need to go look 21 through them. If they're not reasonably accessible --22 THE COURT: I thought we established that in the 23 last session. 24 MR. DUNLAP: No, I don't believe we did. 25 THE COURT: Okay.

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THE COURT:

And you.

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MR. DUNLAP: I have not heard or seen anything. They certainly haven't told us why their documents wouldn't be reasonably accessible. And they haven't said they lack documents from that earlier period. If they're standing up and saying that now, that's news to us, because that's not what they've said before. If they have documents from the time period and the predecessor programs, when this term, which is at issue here, was drafted, they have to at least tell us what the programs are, tell us what the employees were, and tell us what document sources we have. And they start throwing around these large numbers of documents for drafting history. We have no idea what the numbers are. We haven't even gotten to will they do searches and run search terms so we can start agreeing on the number of documents. We talk about we need to meet and confer. They've shut us down. They've said, except for -- one custodian in 2015, we are not going back any further. not going to tell you what the programs are. We're not going to tell you who the custodians are. We're not going to tell you what the doc sources are. We're not going to tell you if these are reasonably accessible or not. We are certainly not going to give you any information on it. And the idea that they can simply say --

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MR. DUNLAP: -- "We are not giving you anything on drafting because it was too long ago," I'm sorry, but we then get to sue you and tell you what this contract means, I just don't think is consistent with -- a contract. MR. MANGI: So, Your Honor, I'll just answer that very briefly. I'm actually not here to argue this motion. was here to say something else. THE COURT: I really wasn't going to hear any argument on this --MR. MANGI: Okay. Then I'll just ---- because, as I said, I want you all THE COURT: to work this out. MR. MANGI: Yeah, so then -- so then I won't even respond to it. Let me go to what I came here to say, then, Your Honor. Your Honor, I recognize fully your frustration with the situation. I recognize it. We've anticipated it, and we tried to find ways to avoid it. Clearly we didn't succeed collectively. And I understand you want us to talk more. And that's entirely fair and reasonable. I wanted to just raise thought as to a potential path forward in terms of what we have here. Your Honor, if you look at the stack of motions that are pending, setting aside now the two that you have

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already resolved, here's what they are: Number 163 is the one we've just been talking about, which is the terms and conditions and other related issues tied to it. Right? You will -- and, by the way, if you have the letter from Mr. Greenbaum handy, I can point you to where they are. THE COURT: I do. So Number 1 in Mr. Greenbaum's MR. MANGI: Okav. letter is 163. That's the terms and conditions issue that you just started to hear about. Now, that one, Your Honor, was, as you just recognized, subject of an earlier motion. And we talked about many of these issues then. And they're back now again wanting to reargue that. And that's fine. That's their right to bring it back. But it's been a subject of some prior discussions. Number 3 on Mr. Greenbaum's list, which is Number 150, documents regarding finances, that's the same thing in that we've been here on that before. Your Honor denied that motion. They want to come back and raise the same issues again, but we've been here on it once before. Number 5 on Mr. Greenbaum's list, which is Number 165, seeking additional custodians, that also, in part, we've been here on before because, you remember, they wanted other custodians, they wanted Janssen custodians, they wanted some of same custodians who they're seeking now, but

they've also added other people to the list. 1 2 THE COURT: But doesn't this relate to the CAP 3 program, which is a newly --4 MR. MANGI: That's the next one, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Oh, okay. Which is Number 6 on this list. 6 MR. MANGI: 7 Now, as regards -- and I'm going to get to that one 8 in just a minute. 9 As regards these three that I just went through, 10 all of which, either in whole or in part, we have been here 11 on before, we are happy to go back, confer more, and come 12 back if we need to, but I think what's critical on those is 13 the guidance that Your Honor just gave, which is you told 14 them last time, you're not granting this, you need to have 15 something that is a much more specific ask. 16 And if they can come back with a much more specific 17 ask, we've actually proposed some specific compromises that 18 have been rejected, maybe they'll revisit those, but with the 19 benefit of your quidance, it may be those because they've 20 already been here once, we can make some progress on if they 21 take guidance to heart. 22 The one that is new is Number 6, which is the CAP 23 program one, Number 166. And my suggestion, Your Honor, 24 would be, if Your Honor is amenable, that we argue that one 25 because that does raise some new issues.

1 On the other ones, frankly, I think it's really 2 We've been here before. We got a good sense of very simple. what you thought of them last time. We got a better sense 3 4 today. If they're willing to come back with something 5 specific, we'll do our best to work it out and avoid coming 6 back because we know you don't want to deal with those 7 details. 8 On the CAP one, I think we need your help because 9 we haven't talked about it before. So that's my suggestion, Your Honor, as one path 10 11 forward. 12 THE COURT: That's Number 1 on Mr. Wohlforth's --13 MR. MANGI: Yeah, they're eager to resolve that. 14 And that's fine. I would actually like to argue that one. 15 But, you know, on the other ones -- that's my 16 thought, Your Honor. But, of course, we're happy to do 17 whatever you want us to do. 18 And I suspect, while we're happy to go in the back 19 room and do it, they're going to need to think pretty hard 20 about how can narrow their asks. I suspect they'll want to 21 talk to their --22 THE COURT: Good. You have a week. I'll bring you 23 back next week. Okay. That's fine. 24 MR. MANGI: 25 THE COURT: But that's with respect to the T&Cs. Ι

1 mean, you've got to narrow it. You've got to do it. 2 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 3 And our view, Your Honor, is that the exact same 4 principle is in play in the other two that we've been here 5 before on: Finances and, you know, they want 12 new 6 custodians. 7 And similarly, if they have more specific asks, you 8 know, we can talk about those with them. But CAP is somewhat 9 different issue. THE COURT: Well, I thought CAP, the 12 new 10 11 custodians included CAP custodians. 12 Am I wrong about that? 13 MS. NELSON: No, you're correct, Your Honor. So --THE COURT: Seven CAP custodians? 14 15 MS. NELSON: On the custodians, I'll just say 16 briefly, I disagree with some of the statements that have been made. 17 It is true that some of the custodians relate to 18 issues we've heard before, but not all of them. And, in 19 20 fact, some of these custodians were just disclosed to us in 21 the amended interrogatory responses that we received in July. 22 So --23 THE COURT: And --24 MS. NELSON: So these are not all old issues. 25 THE COURT: -- are seven of those CAP custodians,

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Because I'm going to open the doors on CAP.
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    though?
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              MS. NELSON: Some of them, yes. A number of them,
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    I would say -- I have to count, but -- around half of the
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    ones we ask for related to CAP.
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              THE COURT: And what have you offered in terms of
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    CAP?
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              MR. MANGI: Yeah, so we actually have some new
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    stuff here as well, Your Honor, on the CAP program.
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              THE COURT: Did you want to say something before he
    continued?
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              MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor, David Elsberg.
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              THE COURT: I'm always criticized for having a
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    free-for-all in my courtroom.
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              MR. ELSBERG: Well, this one's my fault,
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    Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: Go ahead.
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              MR. ELSBERG: And David Elsberg.
              THE COURT: Yes.
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              MR. ELSBERG: We actually strongly agree -- we
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    strongly agree the CAP motion being argued today --
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              THE COURT: Okay.
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              MR. ELSBERG: -- because they're extraordinarily
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    important documents, and I would suggest that --
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              THE COURT: That was the plan.
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              MR. ELSBERG: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.
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And I would suggest that before opposing counsel starts talking about CAP, it's our motion. I would like to argue it, and then counsel can respond. MR. MANGI: I would --THE COURT: You're up there. Go ahead. MR. MANGI: Thank Your Honor. Okay. All right. So let me start, Your Honor, with the question that you asked, and then I'll make a couple of additional points. The question you asked is what are we giving them on this CAP program? Right? And let me preface this, Your Honor, by saying, I remember from last time, your approach on these issues is, one, you don't want the world of discovery opened up because cases have to be practical. But you want them to have what they need to be able to defend against the claims. And that is the criticism through which we have approached this issue. Now, the parties here have in this case agreed on one thing -- I know there are not many things we agree on, but we agreed on thing, which is we agreed on a time frame for discovery. And we agreed that time frame was April 2014 through July 1st, 2022. And of course that's just an entirely practical accommodation because discovery has to end somewhere.

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have to collect those documents, process them, produce them, and then we move on to depositions and then to trial. at the deposition phase now. The first deposition is scheduled for next week. So when they raise the issue of wanting these custodial documents -- and, Your Honor, let me just describe, this is an important distinction -- all right? -- between custodial documents where we have to go, search through individual peoples' emails and you get a lot of junk, a lot of false hits, a lot of manual review, but those on one hand, and on the other hand, noncustodial stuff where you know what you're looking for, you get it from a central source, you can produce it. Much less burden on the noncustodial side; right? So we agreed that for the searches that they want on the CAP program, we'll go back and we'll do custodial searches but only through until the cutoff. And that alone added some 32,000 documents. Many of them are going to be false hits. But they also, Your Honor, don't want to do any meaningful custodial discovery beyond that 2022 cutoff, because they know that's going to be very hard on their side In fact, all they've agreed to do past that cutoff and noncustodial stuff. The only custodial discovery they agreed

to is one very narrow piece from one custodian that will

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1 probably have a handful of documents.

But everyone is agreed that we are going to apply this cutoff as a practical limitation to the case, can go forward. And we'll have some exceptions beyond that where they're necessary. But those have tended to only on the noncustodial side because the custodial side inevitably bogs the case down, restarts --

Now, with that in mind, we still want to ensure that we can give them what they need to defend the case because I know that's something Your Honor is going to So here's what we have thought we're going to do, Your Honor. Their whole point here is they say, as you heard from this morning, this CAP data, what they're asking for here through these searches going to show that J&J was getting information that told us who is in SaveOn. we wanted to cut them off, we could have cut them off. That's the premise underlying all of this.

So what we have said is, look, you don't need to -us to go look for every single email that talks about CAP or anything to do with this. Your real point is you want to know what data we have, telling us who is in SaveOn. then when you have that, you can argue whatever you want, based on whether they have the data, they didn't take action, fine.

So on a noncustody basis for the period of after

the cutoff, here's what we've agreed to do, Your Honor. 1 2 First, we have agreed to give them documents that will show all of the final reports that we got from our vendors who 3 4 were tasked with analyzing this issue, we're trying to find 5 out who is a maximize, an accumulator-type program. 6 of those reports that assess whether they can identify 7 individuals enrolled, we told them we're going to give you 8 those. We are going to give you those through to the 9 So we are going to give them all of that, that 10 underlying data that they're most interested in. 11 Then that's the stuff that we're getting from our 12 venders. And this task largely outsourced to vendors who are 13 data experts to try and do this for us. 14 But then if we had internal, any of our own 15 internal analyses, trying to assess whether it's possible to 16 identify individuals enrolled in these accumulator or maximizer programs internally, we said, we'll give you those 17 18 too, and we'll give them to you through to the present. 19 We'll get those -- collect those specifically without having 20 to search through hundreds of thousands of emails. 21 Third, we have said, okay, you're saying, well, you 22 know, we talked about -- about we can enforce these now 23 because we know who these people are, we can cut them off. 24 We said, okay, if we have documents that will show sufficient 25 to show any attempts to enforce our terms and conditions

against these individuals, to the extent those exist, we'll give you those through to the present, again, without a cutoff.

And, the Court, the actual transactional data that is associated with the program, all of the people enrolled, the datas of enrolled, what we are paying, what we're not paying, what they may need to assess any of these analyses, we'll do all of that through to the present.

Let me add to that one new point that's not in the letters. As we have been working to prepare for this hearing, looking at other things we can do to try to resolve this, we noticed, Your Honor, that a lot of what they are pointing to -- in fact, I would say almost all of what they're pointing to in these exhibits to their motions are benefits investigations; right? And these are where they say, okay, you looked into a particular patient and may be you figured out whether they're in SaveOn.

And as we pointed out to you, Your Honor, for the vast majority of this time period, benefits investigation had nothing to do with any of these issues. It was about is this a government patient? Is this a commercial patient? Do they have any coverage? Not looking at this stuff at all.

Right towards the end of the time period for discovery, that phrase, we've now identified, started to be used also to refer to an additional set of documents where

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they are trying to figure out is someone in an accumulator or a maximizer or a program like this? And so we wrote Your Honor and said, look, just for a narrow time period, but we have now seen that phrase is used in that way, so we'll produce those for that relevant time period. But now, Your Honor, we'll make an additional concession. In addition to all of the categories that I just pointed out, we will also give them through a production from TrialCard, which is our vendor, who we also represent and is subject to a subpoena, we'll give them benefits investigations that find any patient in a maximizer or a accumulator through to the present. Through to the present. So between all of those sources, Your Honor, I have just identified, they have more than enough to be able to make whatever arguments they want about mitigation without needing to say, okay, now, even though depositions are starting next week, we want you to start going through hundreds of thousands of emails to find any stray mention of these issues. We don't need that because we are going give they will the actual data that is underlying all of this. Let me point -- make one last point, Your Honor, and then I'll sit down. I just want to address -- I wanted to first assure

Your Honor that we've heard your concerns. We've looked to

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give them what they need. But I do also want to address this 1 2 premise underpinning this motion. And it's important because it goes to proportionality. The premise they make -- and you 3 4 heard it from counsel today -- is they say we, JJHCS, have 5 made, quote, a strategic business decision or a volitional 6 choice -- these are all phrases from their phrases -- not to 7 So they are telling Your Honor, we mitigate. All right? 8 know who's in SaveOn. We're confident. We are certain. But 9 we are choosing voluntarily to keep giving them money. 10 Therefore, we have failed to mitigate, and we shouldn't get 11 damages for them. That's what underpins all of this. 12 Now, Your Honor, I saw you nodding when 13 Mr. Greenbaum was speaking earlier so I know that you remember this issue about patient lists that came earlier. 14 Ι 15 want to return that for just one minute because it's very 16 important in this regard. 17 Remember, Your Honor, what happened on that patient 18 list issue. We came in, and we said, "We don't have any information that tells us with confidence who is in SaveOn." 19 20 This is a very tricky issue because we don't want to cut 21 patients off if we don't have reliable --22 But now there's list, and that list will 23 definitively tell us who's in SaveOn because they generated 24 it, so allow us to use that to mitigate. And part of that, 25 obviously, is them taking those people out of the program.

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They came in and they said, Your Honor, J&J's intent on mitigating and cutting these people off. Don't let them do that because that's going to cost us hundreds of millions of dollars. That was their argument. Now, Your Honor, if you think about that for a moment, both things cannot be true. On the one hand, they are saying J&J is so intent on mitigating that if you give them the patient list, they'll cut people off. That will be terrible. Please didn't let them do that. That's what they said a few weeks ago. And now they're saying, J&J has no intention of mitigating. They don't want to be mitigate at all. They're intentionally making a conscious choice to pay people money. These two things cannot be both be true. Now, what's really happening here, I'll tell you in very short. What we said to you, before, Your Honor, is the reason we need their list to be able to cut people off is because they are at pains to try and obscure and hide what is in SaveOn from us. So the information that we have is uncertain. It's guesswork. We can't take action based upon That could harm patients. it. Now, we have some initial documents from their files going to this issue. And what do they say? These are all exhibits that we've submitted to Your Honor. But they

say things like -- these are their internal documents --

1 they're going to change their payment structure and vary the 2 amounts that they pay per month to, quote, 3 They say they're changing 4 things so that they're taking a co-payment funds will be, 5 quote, They say 6 they're making efforts to, quote, 7 8 Closed quote. 9 So, Your Honor, what mitigation requires is for us 10 to make reasonable efforts to not run up a bill. Right? 11 But here this is a world apart. We have SaveOn, 12 whose whole business model is making intentional efforts, as 13 their own documents reflect, to prevent us knowing who is in 14 SaveOn. And then they come in here and have the temerity to 15 say, well, J&J's intentionally, consciously, volitionally 16 making these payments. Those two things can't be true at the 17 same time either. 18 So I just want to point out because they've gone 19 back a few times and say J&J doesn't challenge this, doesn't 20 challenge that. We absolutely challenge the premise of this 21 motion and everything underpinning it. 22 But for present purposes, all I have to say --23 because I know Your Honor is careful about not wading into 24 the merits. You want to deal with the issue in front of you. 25 And on the issue in front of you, we have an agreement on a

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time frame for discovery. We have abided by that. custodial searches are not rational or reasonable at this stage when the substantial completion was back in September and we are now pressing into depositions. This case has to press forward. Important things depend upon it. But to ensure that they have what they need, we're going to give them that long list of things that I pointed to, and then they can come and make whatever arguments they want when we're at trial, and we'll oppose them then. But we should not be reopening custodial email searches at this late date when they're not going to add to the specific data-based arguments and underlying discovery that we already said we are willing to give them. THE COURT: Okav. MR. MANGI: Thank Your Honor. When was the CAP issue disclosed? THE COURT: MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, it was disclosed to us when they very belatedly produced documents in June. Ιn June. So it was their belated production. We then immediately -- but in July sent a letter saying, hey, we have this issue.

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              And, Your Honor, if I may -- may I give you a
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   hand-up that I think will help.
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              THE COURT: Does your adversary have a copy?
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              MR. ELSBERG: I'm handing them right now. There's
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   nothing on it -- there's no --
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              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
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                            So you have two hand-ups here.
              MR. ELSBERG:
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              If I may --?
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              THE COURT: Certainly.
                           So, Your Honor, again, David Elsberg
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              MR. ELSBERG:
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    for the record.
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              Your Honor, I'll begin with what was a core premise
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    of the argument that we just heard. We heard an argument
    that they've given us lots of categories of documents and
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    that should be enough. And more specifically, they said,
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    "We'll give summary reports -- enough, we'll give you the
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    summary reports."
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              The problem with those so-called summary reports is
    that data told us that their information is unreliable. And
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   we just heard counsel say it's guesswork. So whatever effort
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    they've made to put together these summary reports out of
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    their own mouth, it is unreliable and quesswork.
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    certainly should not have to accept that.
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              And even if they hadn't said it's guesswork, we
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   still -- a summary by definition omits information. That's
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1 what it is. It's not the underlying data. It's somebody 2 deciding I'll put some data in. I'll leave some data out. 3 And, Your Honor, if you would look at the first 4 hand-up, it's labeled Hand-up Number 1. There's some 5 important information on there because what's very different 6 from any summaries they would give us is this underlying 7 data. 8 So what these documents show, on Hand-up 1, if 9 Your Honor looks at Row A. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 So it's not in the summaries that you're going to 22 get this information that shows J&J had the information from 23 the most reliable sources, from Accredo, from ESI or Express 24 Scripts. 25 And we heard counsel say that not only are these

1 entities business partners -- SaveOn and Express Scripts and 2 Accredo -- they said it's a conspiracy. And the only reason 3 I bring that up is because they are correct that these 4 entities, their business partners. They share information, 5 they are the Beth source. The best source of which patients 6 are SaveOn patients. 7 8 any summary is not going to 9 include the detailed data like this. It will leave it out. 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 And they could limit it completely. They could lower the 19 20 payment. Or they can pay them exactly the same amount that 21 other patients who are not on SaveOn. 22 And they chose the last option. So, again, no 23 causation, utter failure to mitigate, incredibly important 24 documents. 25 So we heard one argument which, again, supposedly

1 they had given us everything that we need. 2 They have not given us everything we need, and we 3 know that because, again, these summaries, they do not 4 contain this information. I'd ask Your Honor to put that 5 question to them: Is it going to contain --I don't need to. Tell me what else you 6 THE COURT: 7 need. 8 MR. ELSBERG: Yes. So, Your Honor, this is what 9 we -- this is what we need. Whatever else they say they did 10 during this time period at issue, which is a time period 11 where they are seeking damages, whatever else they did, I can 12 tell you what they did not do. 13 What they did not do is run the most obvious, the 14 most basic, the most important search terms that would run to 15 find these CAP documents. So, for example, they did not run the term "CAP A." "CAP A" is a term that Johnson & Johnson 16 used to identify patients who are on accumulators. 17 what the "A" stands for. 18 19 THE COURT: Did you meet and confer on the search 20 terms? 21 MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: And did you agree to certain search 23 terms? 24 MR. ELSBERG: They refused -- oh, yes, we did,

Your Honor. And I'll get back to why these were not on the

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1 original list. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. ELSBERG: So they've made an argument about why 4 didn't we do this earlier, and I will get to that, and I'll 5 get to that next, if it's okay. 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 So they didn't run these search MR. ELSBERG: 8 terms. 9 10 11 12 13 And SaveOn, they've said, is similar to either/or 14 both of those categories. 15 16 17 And they've also refused to run the term 18 "adjustment program," even though these are adjustment 19 programs, and the adjustment programs are dead center at --20 in the middle of this case because the question is did they 21 or did they not adjustment the payments, lower the payments, 22 eliminate the payments when they knew somebody was a SaveOn 23 patient? These documents will show they kept paying; so no 24 damages. So whatever else it is they do, certainly they 25

should have to do this, these two search terms. 1 2 Now, Your Honor, what they say and I believe what Your Honor just asked about is why -- why didn't we do this 3 4 earlier? Back when the search terms were being negotiated, 5 why didn't we bring this up? And I have to say -- I'll just say it's surprising 6 7 to me that they would make that argument. And I'll tell 8 Your Honor why. If Your Honor looks at Hand-up 2, which 9 we'll see is that -- well, before I even get to Hand-up 2, 10 way back when the beginning of the case, when the parties 11 were meeting and conferring about what should the search 12 terms be, Johnson & Johnson hid the existence of these 13 programs. They didn't say, look, we're talking about where 14 relevant documents will be. 15 They didn't tell us that they 16 had these programs at the very beginning of the case, much 17 less did they say, we're going to propose search terms that 18 refer to CAP. So we didn't know about it at the beginning of 19 the case. THE COURT: Okay. So the only search term 20 21 negotiation was at the startup of the case? 22 MR. ELSBERG: We've returned to it more recently. 23 THE COURT: Right. 24 MR. ELSBERG: Again, if you -- this will take two 25 minutes. I want to explain why we didn't do it earlier.

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It's not just that they failed to disclose to us the existence of these programs, it gets worse -- because they made affirmative representations to us, to SaveOn, and to Your Honor which, whether intentional or not, certainly misled us, meaning SaveOn -- of course I am not speaking for Your Honor. But it misled us about whether or not there were even any documents that they could look for. So this is where Hand-up 2 comes in. If you look at Hand-up 2, these are five examples of many, and these go all the way back to May 2022 when they filed their complaint. These are five examples of representations that were made to us and also -- "us" meaning SaveOn -- and also to Your Honor. So May has that 4, 2022, that's their complaint. it's unworkable for them to reliably identify SaveOn patients. June 2, 2023, Row 2, joint letter to Your Honor, JJHCS personnel cannot determine who these patients are with reasonable or necessary certainty. Row 3, the only reliable way for them to identify SaveOn patients is to get our patient list. And then they say in Row 5, they've never been able to, never been able to definitively identify patients on SaveOn. Well, we know, because we just looked at the documents -- and if Your Honor looks back at Hand-up 1 -- you

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1 mentioned this before -- in these rows you can see, they 2 didn't just have the information; they verified with the best 3 sources of, and Express Scripts, with Accredo, with SaveOn. 4 So it was not true when they kept telling us, 5 "Listen, we just don't have records. We just don't have 6 them." It was not true. And what's worse, Your Honor, is 7 that the examples that are on Hand-up 1, 8 9 10 11 when they filed their complaint. 12 So they knew better when they made the representation in 13 their complaint and then over and over to Your Honor and to SaveOn. 14 15 So for a very long time, they're telling us, 16 "Nothing to see here. Nothing for us to get here. We just 17 don't have it. We could never do it with any reliability." 18 It turns they could and they did. Now, on top of all that -- they didn't disclose it 19 20 at the beginning, we're negotiating search terms, and they 21 were leading us to believe there's nothing for you to look 22 for as we simply were never able to do it, they belatedly --23 they did not produce the vast majority of their production 24 until June of 2023. And it's when we started reviewing those 25 belatedly produced documents in June of '23 where we said

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hold on a second. These documents we're seeing are flat 1 2 inconsistent with what they've been telling us all along, and 3 they never said to us there's this program. Here are 4 proposed search terms, like CAP A, CAP M, adjustment program 5 that will catch them. 6 So just one month later in July, after we had been 7 reviewing these documents, we sent them letter. It's date 8 July 18th, and it's Exhibit 23 to the CAP letter. And we 9 started chasing them. We started chasing them. So we moved 10 very promptly. 11 So that's why I say, to put it mildly, it's 12 surprising to me that they would say where were we? Why 13 didn't we ask earlier? We're now in depositions. 14 Yeah. This all should have happened earlier, and 15 it would have if they had acted -- if they had acted 16 differently. 17 I also wanted to say, Your Honor --18 THE COURT: Let me ask you a question. 19 MR. ELSBERG: Yes. 20 THE COURT: You want underlying data. You want 21 search terms to include CAP A, CAP M, and. 22 MR. ELSBERG: Adjustment programs. 23 THE COURT: Adjustment programs. 24 And what else do you want? 25 MR. ELSBERG: Those -- those -- that is what we're

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1
    looking for.
 2
                         In addition to what they're giving you.
              THE COURT:
 3
              MR. ELSBERG: The other stuff that they said they
 4
   would give us does not give us what I'm asking for now.
 5
              So the answer is yes. We want these obvious search
 6
    terms to be run and to run through 2023. And the reason I
 7
    say through 2023 is they have made that time period relevant.
 8
    They have said they're going to seek damages --
 9
              THE COURT:
                         What's the start date again?
10
              MR. DUNLAP: April 2016.
11
              THE COURT:
                          2016.
12
              MR. DUNLAP: Your Honor.
13
              THE COURT:
                         Right, Tim?
14
              MR. ELSBERG:
                            What we are talking about is less
15
    than -- I believe less than a year and a half of --
16
              THE COURT: You want it through today.
17
              MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor. If they're going to
18
   be seeking damages through today. Through whatever date it
19
    is they're seeking damages.
              THE COURT: That is my question for them, but,
20
21
    yeah, okay.
22
                            They can either stipulate they are
              MR. ELSBERG:
23
   not going to seek damages for a certain period.
24
    either stipulate that they're not going to seek damages --
25
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
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1 MR. ELSBERG: -- or they should give the -- they 2 should give the documents. 3 THE COURT: Okay. MR. ELSBERG: And my colleague is making a good 4 5 point to me that I should say, Your Honor, 6 So we are not 7 talking about a very long time period here. THE COURT: So in terms of search terms for CAP A, 8 9 CAP M, and adjustment programs, it's 2022 through today. 10 MR. ELSBERG: Yes. It's 2022 through whatever date 11 it is that they're seeking damages. 12 THE COURT: The damages. Okay. 13 What else do you want? 14 MR. ELSBERG: That's what we're seeking on this 15 one. 16 THE COURT: What about these seven custodians that we were talking about before? 17 18 MR. ELSBERG: I'll let my colleague Meredith Nelson 19 address that, if that's okay with Your Honor. 20 MS. NELSON: Yeah, thank you, Your Honor. 21 So in our custodians motion, you're right. 22 were seven custodians who we specifically identified as 23 related to the CAP program. 24 THE COURT: Right. 25 MS. NELSON: There are also a few others who the

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documents we cited show their involvement in the CAP program. 1 2 So, for instance, there are a couple of members of the JALT 3 who received a full presentation There is also a woman -- her name is 4 5 Juliette Deches [phonetic] --6 7 which is 8 a huge issue; right? 9 10 11 12 13 So what I would suggest -- I think that there is a 14 15 potential compromise that we could offer where we don't go 16 for all 12, but there are at least six -- and I'd want to 17 communicate with others, far senior to me at the table, but there are at least six custodians where we have strong 18 19 evidence of their No. In CAP, and you would ask for those to 20 be added. 21 MR. MANGI: May I respond? 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 MR. MANGI: Thank you, Judge. 24 Your Honor, I'm going to get to these search terms 25 in just a minute because, actually, the nature of the search

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1
    terms is quite important here. Bet let me just touch on a
 2
    few points before that, if I may.
 3
              First, you just heard this big presentation
 4
    suggesting that we've been hiding this from them for months.
 5
                          What if I told you I don't care about
              THE COURT:
 6
    that?
 7
              MR. MANGI:
                          Then I'll put it aside.
              THE COURT:
 8
                         Good.
 9
              MR. MANGI:
                          Okay.
              Let me turn to these specific issues.
10
11
              Now, Your Honor, they said that the example they
12
   picked for you -- right? -- of why they need all this, from
13
    all the stuff, the one they chose is in this handout, the
    first exhibit, this document is what he just took you
14
15
    through, this is a benefits investigation.
16
              THE COURT:
                          Yes.
17
              MR. MANGI:
                          Right?
                                 That is what I said to you when
18
    I first got up, we're voluntarily going to give them all of
19
    these, all the way through to the present already.
20
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
21
                          We don't need to get into any emails or
              MR. MANGI:
22
    any search terms for that.
23
              THE COURT:
                          Who writes the summaries?
24
              MR. MANGI:
                          Okay. So then let's talk about what
25
    they're calling "summaries." And so they seem to be drawing
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a distinction between -- they're suggesting, well, this data,
 1
 2
   we're not giving them the data. What we're giving them is
 3
    just a summary --
 4
              THE COURT:
                          Right.
 5
              MR. MANGI:
                         -- and the summary is unreliable.
 6
                     That's just not right. And let me explain
 7
    to you why, Your Honor.
 8
              We have vendors.
 9
10
11
12
13
14
15
              THE COURT:
                          Do you get the data with the summary?
                          We have access to feeds of data.
16
              MR. MANGI:
17
   we're not -- we're not downloading that and keeping it.
18
              What we're studying are reports they put together
19
    from the analysis -- from the data and sent to us.
20
              THE COURT:
                          So they look at their data.
21
              MR. MANGI:
                          Correct.
22
                          Do you feed into that data?
              THE COURT:
23
              MR. MANGI:
                          What do you mean?
24
              THE COURT:
                          Do you participate in supplying the
25
   data to the vendors?
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1 MR. MANGI: It's their data. 2 3 4 5 6 If we are doing any internal analyses, looking at 7 our own data, we have given them and will give them the 8 underlying data -- because I told you, we're giving them all 9 of the underlying transactionable claims data for our program 10 through to the present -- we'll give them that -- and any 11 analyses that we did of that data, we're going to give them 12 that too. 13 THE COURT: Okay. So there is no notion that there's some 14 MR. MANGI: 15 pool of data that we are sitting on that we're hiding from 16 them. 17 THE COURT: No. I am not saying that. 18 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 19 THE COURT: But I'm curious because when you get a 20 summary -- I don't care if it's from you or an outside 21 vendor. 22 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 23 THE COURT: -- I don't understand why the data 24 shouldn't accompany the summary because --25 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, because these are -- I'm

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1 sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt. 2 THE COURT: Go ahead. No. That's fine. 3 The -- we're talking -- the underlying MR. MANGI: 4 data from which we're -- some of these analyses are drawn. 5 THE COURT: Right. We're talking massive, massive 6 MR. MANGI: 7 datasets. This is not like an Excel spreadsheet. 8 And a lot of this is highly proprietary data, that 9 these vendors --Well, that's what I wanted to hear. 10 THE COURT: 11 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 12 THE COURT: How is it highly proprietary? 13 MR. MANGI: Because a lot of companies, Your Honor, 14 in this market exist to -- their aggregate data and then sell 15 analyses of that data to other market participants. 16 You may have heard, for example, in other cases or 17 IMS health, which is now called IQVIA. That's probable the 18 most famous example of them. But studying and selling data 19 is big part of the market for pharmaceuticals generally. 20 fact, some of their partners, ESI and Accredo sell data 21 themselves. 22 So my point here, Your Honor, is ultimately if they 23 want to know what data is available out there on the 24 marketplace, you know, go get an expert or go subpoena these 25 data vendors and you can do that.

1 If you want to know what analyses we got from 2 vendors -- right? -- what reports we purchased --3 You are going to give it to them. THE COURT: 4 MR. MANGI: We're going to give that to them. 5 Okay? 6 THE COURT: Okay. 7 So they don't need -- there's no --MR. MANGI: 8 there's no pool of data that we are sitting on that we are --9 that we are somehow hiding from them. Now, let me turn to the search terms, because this 10 11 is important, the search terms, Your Honor, are "CAP M," "CAP 12 A," and "Adjustment program." You'll notice something about 13 those. None of are limited to SaveOn. Right? And we are 14 clearly very focused on SaveOn in this litigation for obvious 15 reasons, but there is a. 16 MS. HAIGNEY-LONG: List of companies out there in the market that are in this category of maximizers or 17 Right? Some of them have been involved in 18 accumulators. 19 other litigation with other pharmaceutical companies, but 20 there's a long list of them, maximizers, accumulators, they 21 are the subject of movements in various states to outlaw them 22 as a matter of state law. Many states have outlawed them. 23 But this is not specific to SaveOn. 24 dozens and dozens of companies that fall under this rubric of 25 maximizers or accumulators.

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And while we're very focused on SaveOn and we've sued them because they think they're one of the most egregious actors in the industry, that doesn't change the fact that there are lots of other entities that are out there. Now, when you go looking for anything to do with CAP A or CAP M or adjustment program, none of have is limited to SaveOn. And that is part of why it would pull in reams and reams of material and hits here. They haven't chosen to limit their search terms any way that -- and, by the way, Your Honor, they deny that they are maximizer. In their internal documents, they say, we're not a maximizer. anyone is asking with you, "Are you not a maximizer?" you're not in a maximizer. We are not a maximizer. So they're asking discovery that by their own term may not even apply to them. So if you -- did -- when you ran the search terms --MR. MANGI: Yeah. THE COURT: -- did you run CAP A with the qualifier of SaveOn? No. We ran -- for the time period in MR. MANGI: which we ran them, which was the time period up to the cutoff of July of 2022. THE COURT: Right.

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MR. MANGI: We ran the search terms that they asked And those turned up, you know, 32,000-something hits, and, you know, we're making our way through those. Now, let me turn to one other issue, Your Honor, They're suggesting to you that, look, that this is tied to. it is some narrow search. And while all of this other stuff Mr. Mangi has agreed to give us is great, we really want the custodial searches to be done. And, Your Honor had the question tied to that of when are we -- when are we seeking damages through -right? -- tie that to that. And you said you wanted to ask me; so I'm going to fold that into this issue. Here's the issue, Your Honor. In this case, we're bringing case against them that has a lot of similarities to a fraud case in that we're saying you were up to something. We think it was very bad. We didn't know about it until a certain point in time. We found out. We sued you. Okay. So what discovery are we, as the plaintiff, going to have about that? Well, we're going to have discovery relating to how we found out and when we found out about what they're doing, which we've, of course, agreed to give. And then there's going to be discovery about our efforts to deal with this going forward. That is basically what we have -- right? -- in terms of custodial documents and

emails. We don't have documents about the operation of the

1 SaveOn scheme because we are not operating it; they are. 2 So when they say that they want to do an update, setting aside for a minute, even what the specific search 3 4 terms are, but when they say they want to update through to 5 the present, getting at every internal email we have about 6 this, what that is tantamount to, Your Honor, is asking us to 7 do a wholesale update of our document production through to 8 the present. 9 But we only have discovery from them through to 2022. 10 11 When are your damages cutoff? THE COURT: 12 MR. MANGI: Our damages are continuing. Our 13 damages are accruing even now that. 14 THE COURT: Okav. 15 And they will continue to accrue, which MR. MANGI: 16 is why the parties have agreed that when it comes to the 17 underlying data, we are going to do supplements and updates 18 of that: One later this year and another one later, closer 19 to trial -- because of that those specific issue. 20 But want to -- let me just point out. I really 21 want to focus on because this is important, on the unfairness 22 inherent in what they're proposing. 23 When it comes -- remember I read you those notes 24 about how they're trying to evade and camouflage what we do? 25 They've only given us that information through to July of

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They refuse to give it any further than that. 1 2022. 2 THE COURT: Well, I can fix that. I can have them deliver that through today. 3 4 MR. MANGI: Right. So --5 THE COURT: And you can do the search terms CAP A, 6 CAP M, adjustment program, SaveOn through --7 Well, they're -- but they're --MR. MANGI: 8 THE COURT: Today. 9 Maybe we're going in a direction there, MR. MANGI: 10 Your Honor, but let me address both sides of that. 11 First, if we are going to do an update of our 12 production through to the present, basically what's 13 tantamount to a full update -- because that's what this gets to -- they should do a full update of their production to the 14 15 present. 16 THE COURT: I agree that both sides -- if your 17 damages are continuing through to trial or whatever the 18 cutoff date may be --19 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 20 THE COURT: -- I think both sides have to update 21 everything through the date of damages. 22 Okay. But here's my only concern, MR. MANGI: 23 Your Honor, and let me point out why that presents an issue. 24 Your Honor will recall they have twice come to you 25 seeking extensions of the schedule here, and we've two

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1 extensions so far. Right? 2 It is very important to us to get to trial in this case because with every month that goes by, there are 3 4 hundreds of millions of dollars being transferred. 5 THE COURT: So why don't you settle the case and we 6 don't have to worry about this? 7 Well, they'd like offer to pay us our MR. MANGI: 8 damages and stop doing what they are doing, we could. 9 THE COURT: We have to know what the mitigation 10 was, then. 11 Well, as a practical matter, MR. MANGI: 12 Your Honor, before we even get into, you know, what the 13 discovery should be or what the mitigation should be, there 14 is a practical start, position here, which is if our goal is 15 to move this case forward, to get to trial, then document 16 discovery has to stop somewhere. I mean, this is not the 17 first case with ongoing damages. Right? This happens all 18 the time. But you pick a date, and you say, okay, you know, 19 this is a practical accommodation. That's what we're going 20 to do. 21 Now, you know, we update everything through to the 22 present on both sides tomorrow -- right? -- but let's say our 23 trial is in August of 2023 -- I'm just guessing here; there's

no schedule. But then they pop up again in June and say, oh,

you know, we need to update again. And every month that goes

by and they push this off --1 2 THE COURT: Well, you all can meet and confer and select a cutoff date for damages and failure to mitigate. 3 4 MR. MANGI: Well -- but, Your Honor, our damages 5 are continuing through to the present. That's going to 6 remain the case. 7 THE COURT: Well, then their failure to mitigate 8 has to continue to the same date. 9 But then if that is going one way and MR. MANGI: 10 they are going to get some discovery on CAP, et cetera, then 11 we want their discovery updated too. And I've heard 12 Your Honor say you agree that's --13 THE COURT: Yeah. 14 MR. MANGI: -- so my point is, Your Honor, there 15 has to be -- it cannot be the case that in every case where 16 there are ongoing damages, you continuously update your 17 document productions through to the date of trial. 18 impossible because you need months to do that. 19 got to take depositions. Then you've got to refresh 20 depositions. 21 So you can agree to a cutoff date. THE COURT: Α 22 mutual cutoff date. 23 MR. MANGI: Well, that is what we did, Your Honor. 24 We agreed to a mutual cutoff date for production.

THE COURT: But your damages are continuing, how

1 can they not get discovery on that? 2 MR. MANGI: Because, Your Honor, the way that has been dealt with in every case I've ever litigated with 3 4 continuing damages is that you agree on certain date for the 5 custodial stuff that's hard to do, and then at some point 6 close to trial, you update data. And that underlying data 7 both goes to your damages claim; it goes to any mitigation 8 claim. And all the damages, mitigation data that I've 9 described, they'll get. So that's the practical accommodation. 10 11 THE COURT: What about the fact that they didn't 12 know about CAP until this summer? 13 MR. MANGI: So let's talk about that. I thought 14 you didn't care about that one, Your Honor. But that's what 15 I was going to address. 16 THE COURT: No. I care about it because Mr. Duva told me to care about it. 17 18 MR. MANGI: Yeah, so let's -- let me go back and --19 let me go back and address that one. 20 So here's -- here's the -- here's a remarkable 21 irony about this, Your Honor. The substantial cutoff date, 22 September 24th --23 THE COURT: Right. 24 MR. MANGI: -- right? We produced our documents, 25 vast majority of them in June, months before we actually were

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1 obligated to do that.

They have not met any of those deadlines that were there, even when it comes to the September date, they made a production, but we got big productions from them on Friday and again today. So they're still turns out documents, and we didn't get the bulk of their production until September. So there are lots of things in their documents that we are discovering for the first time now as we look at them. What's the point of this conversation? THE COURT: MR. MANGI: The point of this conversation,

Your Honor, is that the way you learn about the other side's factual story is in two ways: One, you look at the documents. When it comes to the documents, we produced them months before they did. So they've got nothing to complain about there.

Two, you serve interrogatories. And you ask for information. They never served any interrogatory going to any issue that we did not provide a clear and candid answer to.

So everything here has proceeded exactly like it would in any other case. Nothing has been hidden from them. They've had all of the documents. They've had them before they were due. And, in fact, they've had every document that they have --

THE COURT: Except for the CAP information.

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MR. MANGI: No, Your Honor. The CAP information is part and parcel of everything we've produced to them. are documents that we've produced to them. The documents that they are talking about the CAP program based on now, those are all documents that we produced to them. So they've had had the benefit op have discovery. They got it -- not late; months before they were required to get it because we timely produced our documents and produced them long before they did. So nothing's been hidden from them. So the point here, Your Honor, ultimately is, as I sort of hear you thinking through this, I see there are two potential pathways here. One is Your Honor takes the view that, look, in anyway case, there's got to be someplace where you stop with the email production; this goes on forever and we never get to trial. If that is the view, we already agreed on a cutoff. And we are giving them all this data going forward. On the other hand, if Your Honor feels like there needs to be an update of underlying email issues -- right? -then I would say, because what they're seeking from us is tantamount to a wholesale update, they have to do a wholesale update too. Otherwise, it's one way.

THE COURT: I agree with that. And I can't agree

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with the cutoff date being September when they just found out 1 2 about CAP and they need information about that. 3 So if Your Honor --MR. MANGI: Okay. THE COURT: So I'm suggesting is that, yes, both 5 sides have to do an update, that you sit down and decide what 6 the date for the cutoff exchange update damages accumulation, because it's got to coincide with that. If you're going to 8 condition to allege accumulation of damages, they're entitled 9 to continue to allege failure to mitigate. No? 10 MR. MANGI: But, Your Honor -- I'm sorry. 11 But in that scenario, the prism you are looking at 12 this through, there's no way a case with ongoing damages can 13 ever get to trial because you have to keep updating your 14 documents. How do you get to deposition? 15 THE COURT: That's why I'm suggesting that both 16 sides come to terms with the date, a realistic date that 17 total production, that depositions are completed, and that 18 cut off the damages and the failure to mitigate. I am not --19 I don't think that's unreasonable to expect the parties to 20 agree to a date like that. 21 If you continue to accumulate damages through the 22 day of trial, they're entitled to investigate mitigation 23 through the date of trial -- or failure to mitigate. 24 MR. MANGI: But, Your Honor, in that scenario, 25 let's say -- let's say just for purposes of argument --

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1 This isn't a car accident. THE COURT: 2 Well, that's the point, though, with MR. MANGI: Your Honor. That's why this is a problem -- because, you 3 4 know, let's say we incur -- I'm just making up a number here. 5 Let's say we incur \$20 million a month in damages. 6 Your Honor is proposing that if damages have to match up 7 exactly with the date of document production -- right? -- --8 so let's say we pick December of 2023 -- again with that I'm 9 just making this up. And we say, okay, we'll produce through 10 there, and we'll do -- and we'll do damages through there. 11 Then we've got to do depositions. We've got 12 to do expert work. We've got to get to trial. 13 there's still a significant backlog in this district from the 14 shortage. So, you know, maybe we don't get to trial until 15 the end of next year. So now we've had 12 months times \$20 16 million a month of damages which, under this prism, there's 17 no remedy for. 18 Your Honor, I have never -- I have never come 19 across a rule that says you cannot seek ongoing damages and 20 you have to cut off at the same date as document production. 21 That is -- respectfully, that is not a rule that I've 22 every --23 THE COURT: It may not be a rule, but as I see it, 24 if you accumulate an alleged continuing damages --25 MR. MANGI: Yes.

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-- they have a right to continuing THE COURT: investigation of failure to mitigate, and you're just going to say at trial, okay, the last two months, we had \$50 million in damages. And they are going to say, okay. We don't need to know about it. MR. MANGI: No. That's not what we're --THE COURT: We'll accept your number. MR. MANGI: -- that's not what we are saying at all, Your Honor. What we are saying is, yeah, they can get update an mitigation, but we can't be digging into emails continuously for every stray mention. There has to be some middle ground there where, okay, you can get this data, you can get this -these benefits investigations, you can get some corpus of materials that are critical to your mitigation argument on an ongoing basis. But to say that you must have every email through to the date of trial in order to have an ongoing damages claim, Your Honor, I've never heard --THE COURT: I see. -- any court anywhere in the country MR. MANGI: take that position. And as a practical matter, it's completely impossible. What it does ultimately is it says to plaintiffs, you know, for whatever that gap is between the end of

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document production and trial, you know, I, the Court, am
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 2
    going to require you to give up your damages.
                                                    That is giving
    them like a hundred million dollar gift. And it has -- it
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 4
   has no basis, Your Honor, respectfully in any principle here.
 5
              The principle that I think is entirely fair is that
 6
    if we're seeking damages on an ongoing basis, yeah, if
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    there's data we have that goes to mitigation, they should be
 8
    able to get that too. Right? So they can have a reasonable
 9
    response to it.
                     That part is fair. And I give you that.
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              But to say that we have to cut off our damages and
11
    give up on the last year or so just so they can have every
12
    email through that date, I don't think that the fair,
    Your Honor. And I'll --
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14
              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                                 I understand better what you're
15
    talking about now.
16
              MR. MANGI:
                          Okay.
17
              THE COURT:
                          I don't want to deal with that, though,
18
    today.
19
              MR. MANGI:
                          Yeah.
                                 Okay.
20
              THE COURT:
                          But I do understand better what you're
21
    talking about. And I don't think we're there yet.
22
              MR. MANGI:
                          Yeah, okay.
23
              THE COURT:
                          So let me punt on that, if you will.
24
              MR. MANGI:
                          Sure.
                                 Sure.
25
              MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, may I respond?
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              MR. MANGI:
                          So --
 2
                         What? Yeah, you can respond.
              THE COURT:
 3
              Do you want to know what Mr. Duva says? 26(e)(1)
 4
    duty to supplement discovery responses.
 5
              MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor.
 6
              MR. MANGI: I'm sorry. I didn't hear that.
 7
              MR. ELSBERG: If I may, Your Honor --
 8
              THE COURT: 26(e)(1), the duty to supplement
 9
    discovery responses.
              MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, if I may, I've heard a
10
11
         And if I may respond to what I've been hearing.
12
              THE COURT: Okay. You can respond. But -- okay.
13
    I have some questions, perhaps. Go ahead.
14
              MR. ELSBERG: I'll be very quick.
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              So first of all, whatever counsel's -- whatever
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    counsel's experience has been, it's very, very different from
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   my experience. When there are ongoing damages, you pick
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    date, and you say I'm seeking damages through this date, and
19
    you give discovery through that date because while he says it
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    would be a hundred million dollar gift, if they could avoid
21
    damages, if they could avoid proving damages, it would be a
22
   hundred million dollar theft from us if we aren't able to
23
    disprove it.
24
              So what parties do is they pick a date, and both
25
   parties produce. And we're both capable law firms.
```

need to be producing while the trial is even happening, can you do it.

And, by the way, this is not a problem of do we have to wait forever to have a trial? No, of course, you don't.

There'll be this trial, and there will be a verdict.

And after that, if they think that they have a claim for damages that were not the subject of this trial, well, maybe they can try and sue again. I think probably the outcome of that this trial is going to make the rules of the road very, very clear, and there's never going to meet — there will never be a need for another trial.

But that's how it works. You pick a point. And, of course, discovery -- so each side can test the other's assertions.

The second thing is I just want to point out that what we heard about what they're saying they have and they'll give us, why that -- he just underscored why it is we need the search terms that we proposed, why it is we need them to be run -- because I didn't realize until just now listening that the data, the summaries that they say they'll give us are market-aggregated data. There are these services out there, and they do whatever they do this their proprietary way. We don't know how they do it. And they aggregate some

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1 data to give to the market. 2 Their mission, their mandate is not to find the 3 evidence we need about SaveOn patients and J&J's knowledge 4 that they were SaveOn patients. And I will quarantee and 5 they will not tell you the contrary, these market 6 aggregators, they do not have the emails, they do not have 7 the types of documents that we've seen that demonstrate that 8 they knew that patients were on SaveOn. So they're pointing 9 to something over there that does not include these emails, these specific documents -- they're saying go to some vendor 10 11 who wasn't even -- it wasn't their job to do this, and 12 whatever their job was, they didn't find these documents. 13 CAP A, CAP M, and adjustment program will. 14 And, by the way, Your Honor, when you hear counsel 15 say we shouldn't have to search for every email, that is a 16 suggestion and a burden argument. Their burden argument is 17 completely hollow, and I'll tell you why. THE COURT: You don't have to. 18 I am not 19 considering a burden. 20 MR. ELSBERG: Okay. All right, Your Honor. 21 THE COURT: I didn't understand you to argue burden 22 insofar as -- I didn't understand that to be the focus of 23 your objection with respect to production. 24 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 25 THE COURT: What I understood -- and I just want to

be clear on this is --1 2 MR. MANGI: Yeah. -- these vendors have underlying data. 3 THE COURT: 4 And you don't have access to that underlying data. 5 There are -- there are two sets of data MR. MANGI: 6 that we're talking about, Your Honor. I just wanted to make 7 sure this is entirely clear. 8 THE COURT: Yeah. 9 Right? There is data that is our data MR. MANGI: 10 about the CarePath program. Right? 11 THE COURT: Yes, you're going to produce that. 12 MR. MANGI: The vendors --13 THE COURT: Yes. 14 MR. MANGI: -- they use some of that also, but that 15 data we're producing to them. Okay? 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MR. MANGI: So that data they have. Whether we're 18 using it, the vendor is using it, they've got that data. 19 And then whatever other --20 THE COURT: So, well, that's interesting. 21 MR. MANGI: And then whatever other data is out 22 there in the market, you know, that's -- that is data 23 analyses that vendors have that they can do. 24 But they've got all of the data relating to 25 CarePath, which we maintain -- right? -- we're giving them

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1
    that data, that claims data. And we're proposing to update
 2
    the in the future.
 3
              MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, they're not. They're
 4
          They say we're giving you the data. They're saying
 5
    that.
           They're mouthing the words: We are giving you the
 6
    data.
 7
              But they're not because the way to find the data
    that matters here is run the search terms that are most
 8
 9
    likely to get --
10
              THE COURT:
                          I didn't get there yet. You're talking
11
    about CAP A, CAP M?
12
              MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor.
13
              MR. MANGI:
                         Yes.
14
              THE COURT:
                          I'm going to order that they search
15
    CAP A and CAP M and adjustment programs but related to
16
    SaveOn.
17
              MR. ELSBERG: May I speak about that for a moment,
   Your Honor?
18
19
              THE COURT:
                         Okay.
20
              MR. ELSBERG: So documents that mention maximizers
21
    and accumulators do relate to SaveOn. And the reason is they
22
    say that SaveOn is a maximizer or an accumulator.
23
              And one of the documents in the hand-up that I gave
24
    you --
25
              THE COURT: So what about searching maximizer,
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SaveOn? 1 MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor. If they are "or" 2 3 connectors, yes. 4 MR. MANGI: Well --5 MR. ELSBERG: Hold on. Hold on. MR. MANGI: Right. 6 7 MR. ELSBERG: Before you guffaw in response, the 8 reason it should be "or" -- the reason it should be "or" --9 THE COURT: You're going to say they deny being a 10 maximizer. 11 No, no, no. I'm going to say something MR. MANGI: 12 entirely different, which is he just slipped in make it an 13 "or" connector. That means he wants all documents that are 14 maximizers generally, including maximizers, other ones --15 THE COURT: I wanted the qualifier SaveOn. 16 MR. MANGI: Yeah, but he slipped in a connector "or," which means either -- in it's about SaveOn, they get 17 18 If it's not about SaveOn, they get it too. 19 THE COURT: All right. Now we're out of control. 20 Tell me what you want. 21 MR. ELSBERG: Yeah. So what we want is not every 22 document that says "maximizer" --23 THE COURT: Tell me precise what you want. MR. ELSBERG: We want -- we within the to search 24

for CAP A, CAP A, and adjustment program and I believe the

1 suggestion was to add a limiter to those search terms, so it 2 would say "and maximizer," and we think that makes sense. 3 THE COURT: Related to SaveOn. Qualified by 4 SaveOn. 5 MR. ELSBERG: No, no. Here's why not, Your Honor. 6 Here's why not. 7 If Your Honor looks at Hand-up 1, Row E. 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 And to not be able to use documents that show 17 here's what they were doing with maximizers, that would be 18 like saying they have a policy with respect to fruit, all 19 fruits, but you can't look for what rules he had with respect 20 to fruit. You can only for what they did to apples. 21 The problem is maximizer includes SaveOn. So if 22 you cut out maximizers, you're cutting out what they said 23 about --24 THE COURT: 25 MR. ELSBERG:

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1
 2
              THE COURT:
                          Right.
 3
              MR. ELSBERG: As used respect to maximizers.
 4
              THE COURT:
                         What are we doing?
 5
              MR. MANGI:
                         So, I mean, the problem --
 6
              THE COURT:
                         Yeah, go ahead.
 7
                         Yeah, the problem -- here's what he's
              MR. MANGI:
 8
    saying, Your Honor. He's saying when we talk about
 9
   maximizers, you know, that might include SaveOn in it.
10
   Right?
11
              And, yeah, that's true. It might also include two
12
    dozen other companies that have nothing to do with SaveOn.
13
              THE COURT:
                         I agree with that point.
14
              MR. MANGI:
                          Okay.
15
              THE COURT:
                          I'm trying to get where we bring in
16
    that which is --
17
              MR. MANGI:
                         Yeah.
                         -- identifiable with SaveOn.
18
              THE COURT:
19
              MR. MANGI:
                          Right.
20
              THE COURT:
                          And if it applies to express scripts or
21
   Accredo, why does that certain you?
22
                          Your Honor, may I make a suggestion?
              MR. DUNLAP:
23
              THE COURT:
                         Yeah.
24
              MR. DUNLAP: I think one of the issues here is we
25
   are fumbling a little bit in the dark because we don't have
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hit counts. 1 2 So if what -- if they could just take the terms that we have proposed, the CAP M, the CAP A. 3 4 MR. MANGI: We're not talking about hit counts. 5 We're not talking about burdens. We're talking about -- I'm sorry. Go ahead. 6 7 MR. DUNLAP: I mean, if they -- if we could get an 8 order that they at least have to run those hit counts, you 9 asked us to meet and confer, then we would know of how many documents we're talking about. Run the terms that we've 10 11 asked over the limited time period we've asked, and then they 12 can talk about whether it's really too burdensome to do all 13 the collections. But we're not actually --It's not burden that concerns me. 14 THE COURT: 15 unnecessary conducting of search terms that are not limited. 16 MR. DUNLAP: And as Mr. Elsberg was saying, for 17 example, we've seen instances within Johnson & Johnson's 18 documents when they're talking about SaveOn, they don't 19 always use the word "SaveOn" or "SOSP." 20 They'll say, for example, "ESI's maximizer" or 21 "maximizer programs." But if they could identify someone on 22 maximizer, then they could identify someone who's on the 23 SaveOn program as being on a maximizer. 24 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, there's -- I'm sorry. 25 ahead.

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MR. DUNLAP: So, I mean, to put to say we're going to limit it just to the word "SaveOn" or acronyms for SaveOn, would cut out a whole number of documents potentially where they're referring to SaveOn by another name or they're referring to other maximizer programs. And that's our concern. MR. MANGI: Your Honor, there is no search protocol in this universe that is perfect that's going to capture every document, that's going to look into people's minds. Right? We have to be practical and, under the federal rules, proportional. THE COURT: MR. MANGI: THE COURT: Okay. MR. MANGI: The way you modify that --THE COURT: Yeah. -- to capture the -- about SaveOn is MR. MANGI: you add an additional requirement -- for example, you said, instead of they're searching CAP M in the abstract, you say, CAP M within the same sentence as SaveOn or variants on SaveOn, like SOSP or whatever it may be. And then you'll get the documents that are talking about CAP M but also about SaveOn, and those hits appear in the same sentence.

1 MR. ELSBERG: Your Honor, if I --2 MR. MANGI: Or --3 MR. ELSBERG: We may be close to a --4 MR. MANGI: Sorry, can I just finish what I'm 5 saying. 6 So you then have a modifier that limits it to the 7 SaveOn context; right? And that is the way to accomplish 8 what Your Honor is seeking. 9 THE COURT: Okay. 10 MR. MANGI: However, in terms of your question as 11 to where are we and where do we take this -- right? -- my 12 suggestion -- I understand you want to -- you don't want to 13 deal with the issue of when do we update until right now; so 14 I'll set that aside. 15 But I will say, we're going to do an update of CAP 16 A, CAP M terms, modified to be limited to SaveOn, is 17 basically everything we have tantamount to a full update on 18 SaveOn to the present, I want the same from them. 19 THE COURT: What was the agreement you suspect we might have arrive at? 20 21 MR. ELSBERG: Yeah, so this is what I'm thinking, 22 We could -- we could agree to do what counsel 23 just said except instead of saying within the same sentence, 24 I think it's fair to say SaveOn and variations on it, if it's 25 in the same document, we should get the document, because

1 it's talking about SaveOn. It doesn't need to be in the 2 sentence. It could be three paragraphs later. It could be 3 the next page. 4 THE COURT: Okay. That's an agreement. You've 5 just agreed to that. 6 MR. ELSBERG: And, Your Honor, I would then say I 7 hope that's going to be sufficient. And --8 THE COURT: Well, I don't want to talk about 9 what-ifs or tomorrow. 10 Fine. MR. ELSBERG: 11 And let's not get hyperbolic about THE COURT: 12 anything in terms of what that's going to uncover and produce 13 because the points that's really being paid here is there's 14 going to be a stop at some point. There is got to be. 15 So let's just minimize -- minimize -- let's do the 16 search that was suggested if CAP M and CAP A. 17 MR. ELSBERG: And adjustment program. 18 THE COURT: And adjustment programs. MR. ELSBERG: With variations of SaveOn in the 19 20 document. 21 THE COURT: And that's an agreement. Right? 22 Okay. Good. 23 MR. ELSBERG: All right. Thank you, Your Honor. 24 MR. MANGI: Don't be thanking just yet. Just to 25 get -- just to get the other side of it, though, Your Honor

1 they're going to update their searching through to the 2 present as well. 3 THE COURT: Yes. 4 MR. MANGI: Okay. 5 THE COURT: You're going to update your searches to 6 the present as well. 7 And then, Your Honor, the one issue MR. MANGI: that that leaves is what I don't --8 9 THE COURT: There's another issue. 10 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, it's tied to this. 11 The only thing I don't want to happen here, 12 Your Honor --13 THE COURT: Is --MR. MANGI: -- is for this case then -- for them to 14 15 come back then and say, well, sorry, we can't take any 16 depositions. We've got to push the whole case off six 17 months. 18 THE COURT: That may happen. I can't do the what-ifs. How do I know what's going to be produced in these 19 20 emails? How do you know? 21 MR. MANGI: No that. I'm with you. 22 getting there. 23 So the one thing I would ask is that Your Honor 24 require both sides to do this work expeditiously, collect the 25 documents, run the searches, prepare a plan for completing

this in a time will expedited way, bearing in mind the 1 2 current case schedules, and then to report back to you on where that stands -- because I am very concerned, Your Honor, 3 4 there are a lot of patients impacted. There's lot of our 5 money going out the door every day. And the schedule is a 6 big concern with our clients. 7 THE COURT: They're J&J. 8 Yeah, but, Your Honor, you know, it's MR. MANGI: 9 J&J does have -- you know, is not in the poorhouse. true. I'll give you that. 10 11 But -- but there is a very real impact on patients 12 of this program. And that motivated us in large part in 13 bringing this case, and that's going on every day. 14 THE COURT: All right. So when you end up in 15 mediation and settle the case, you just have to get to point 16 where it's -- because I'm going to order you to mediation at 17 some point. I have to feel as if everything's been done --18 (Simultaneous conversation) 19 (Simultaneous conversation) 20 (Simultaneous conversation) 21 MR. MANGI: I just had a thought, though --22 Your Honor, if I may -- if I may, MR. ELSBERG: 23 Your Honor --24 (Simultaneous conversation) 25 MR. MANGI: Sorry, can I just finish?

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1	(Simultaneous conversation)
2	MR. ELSBERG: I just want to clarify something.
3	THE COURT: What?
4	MR. ELSBERG: So what we heard, I think, is counsel
5	saying we should have to update our documents also.
6	THE COURT: Yes.
7	MR. ELSBERG: I assume that what that means is we
8	need to update our documents that relate to this same issue.
9	MR. MANGI: No.
10	MR. ELSBERG: So all right. I want to be clear.
11	So you're saying that both sides should update all documents
12	responsive to all requests. Is that what you're saying?
13	THE COURT: Always. Why wouldn't that be the
14	nature course of things?
15	MR. ELSBERG: This is
16	THE COURT: Discovery's not closed.
17	MR. ELSBERG: This is what I'm
18	THE COURT: There's an obligation to continue to
19	supplement
20	(Simultaneous conversation)
21	MR. ELSBERG: This is what I propose, Your Honor.
22	I would propose that for today, it makes sense to say that
23	they will update their documents, as we've already described.
24	We will update our documents on what they say is us
25	engaging in, quote, deceitful conduct to make it hard for

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them to know who's on SaveOn. And then -- and then --
 1
 2
   because those are two sides of the same coin. And then I
 3
   would suggest that the parties meet and confer about whether
   both sides --
 4
 5
              THE COURT:
                         In my classroom in person.
 6
              MR. ELSBERG:
                            Yes, Your Honor.
 7
              THE COURT:
                         I am not going to have emails.
                                                           I am
 8
   not going to have telephone. I am not going to have Zoom of
 9
    Teams.
10
              MR. ELSBERG:
                            Yes.
11
              THE COURT: No.
12
              MR. ELSBERG: So what I would suggest is for today,
13
    that's the order. We get the documents that Your Honor
14
    described, which are targeted towards CAP. We agree we'll
15
    update our production of their, quote, deceitful-related
16
    requests. Those are requests that they --
17
              THE COURT: I don't even know what that is.
18
              MR. ELSBERG:
                            I'll tell you.
19
              MR. MANGI: Your Honor --
20
         (Simultaneous conversation)
21
         (Simultaneous conversation)
22
                         This had trying turn the whole ruling
              MR. MANGI:
    on its head --
23
2.4
         (Simultaneous conversation)
25
              MR. ELSBERG: Please let me -- please let me
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1 finish. 2 Those are documents that are the other side of the 3 same coin. 4 5 They say they had trouble identifying patients 6 7 because SaveOn supposedly engaged in deceit. So. 8 So these are two sides of the same coin. Did they 9 and could they identify patients? 10 THE COURT: What updates do you want? 11 I suspect -- may I? I suspect that MR. ELSBERG: 12 if the parties have a chance to meet and confer, if that's 13 what's ordered today, I suspect that Johnson & Johnson does 14 not really feel a need for us to update everything. And I 15 suspect they don't want to update everything. 16 If we meet and confer and they say they do, but in 17 their letter, they didn't say that. 18 I think the parties may both be okay with updating 19 some but not others. 20 If counsel does not want to confer on that, that's 21 I just think it might save some time and money if we okav. 22 do the narrow thing now, which goes to the CAP program and 23 what they say are efforts we made to cause difficulty for 24 them to use the CAP program. Let's get that order today 25 because we don't want delay, as counsel said, and we can have

25

We're not doing that.

a week to discuss what else should be updated. 1 2 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, here's -- here's what 3 counsel is proposing to you. He's suggesting that J&J that 4 to look through potentially hundreds of thousands of emails, 5 and they have to look at something that they're going to 6 self-define -- mean very little at all --7 (Simultaneous conversation) 8 THE COURT: No. What I'm saying is both sides have 9 a continuing obligation to supplement and update discovery. 10 That's what I'm saying. And that's what you're saying. 11 that's what you're saying. 12 I am not limiting any supplementation. There's no 13 limitation. If there's new discovery or developing 14 discovery -- and I suspect during depositions there'll be a 15 load of additional discovery, you have an obligation -- why 16 are we having this conversation? 17 MALE SPEAKER: Understood, Your Honor. Thank you. 18 124 because, Your Honor, the reason -- the reason we're 19 having the conversation is because, yes, of course, you supplement. In the course of -- in depositions documents 20 21 come up, what about this? What about that? 22 But in every case, there is a cutoff when you go 23 and collect the documents --THE COURT: We're not having a cutoff discussion. 24

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1 We are not even near that. We just opened CAP can 2 of worms. 3 MR. MANGI: Yeah. 4 THE COURT: How with we going to possibly put 5 cutoff date when we don't even know what that production 6 looks like. 7 MR. MANGI: Yeah, so then -- so then, my point, 8 Your Honor, is if they want the update on all these --9 whatever mitigation steps, as they're describing it that we 10 have done to present -- right? -- we want to understand 11 everything about how the scheme has evolved and changed over 12 time, which is all their business model has been doing over 13 the last year. 14 So we don't want just what they're describing as 15 their "deceit production," whatever that means. Right? 16 we're going to do this, I want them to just bing their 17 document production up to date with the search terms we 18 already have. 19 I've already said that all productions THE COURT: 20 will be updated and supplemented. That's all I'm going to 21 say. 22 If there are going to be complaints about it after 23 you have meet-and-confers in my courtroom, then I quess I'll 24 have to deal with it, if I can, or a special master will. 25 MR. ELSBERG: And, Your Honor, I think -- I

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1 think --2 I still have something else to discuss. THE COURT: 3 MR. ELSBERG: One sentence. Really one sentence. 4 I think what you're saying is a practical reality. What I predict is that the parties will end up speaking, and 5 6 I predicted neither side is really going to want to update 7 And there might be agreements that carve some everything. 8 things out. And if not, then --9 Well, then you'll be back here, and I THE COURT: 10 have more weekend work to do. And I'll be very unhappy about 11 it. 12 MR. ELSBERG: Oh, no. I was saying I think the 13 parties might agree. 14 THE COURT: You might try to agree on something. 15 MR. ELSBERG: Yes. 16 THE COURT: Because -- I had to knock off any afternoon calendar for this. 17 18 MR. ELSBERG: Yes, Your Honor. 19 Thank you. We understand the ruling. 20 THE COURT: Here's the other thing. The 21 custodians, which we glossed over, are they apex? Is -- do 22 you need to further discuss them? I'm going to permit 23 additional custodians. I know we're down to six. 24 you alleging they're apex? 25 MR. MANGI: So, Your Honor, my colleague

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Mr. LoBiondo will address custodians.
 1
 2
              THE COURT:
                          Oh, my god.
 3
                         But, okay. I'll answer your question.
              MR. MANGI:
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              There are -- there are two of them in there who are
 5
    amongst the most senior executives.
 6
              THE COURT:
                          I saw that.
 7
                         Yeah. And -- and let me point out
              MR. MANGI:
 8
    also, Your Honor, that every custodian who we add, you know,
 9
   potentially thousands and thousands of documents to go
10
    through to get to whether anything is even responsive.
11
              THE COURT:
                         Good. It's good. Then you have a job
12
    then.
13
              MR. MANGI: Well, we've got job security in this
14
   case already, Your Honor. Because we --
15
              THE COURT:
                          That's my fear.
16
              MR. MANGI:
                          We still have to go through the --
17
    thousand documents they produced on Friday.
18
              THE COURT:
                          That's my biggest fear.
19
              MR. MANGI:
                         But -- but the point is, Your Honor --
20
    look, if you decide ultimately there's some custodial
21
    discovery --
22
              THE COURT:
                         Yes.
23
              MR. MANGI:
                         -- that they should get, you know,
2.4
   understood.
25
              But --
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1 THE COURT: Start with the four that are nonapex 2 And then we can discuss the apex -- alleged out of six. 3 apex's status. 4 MR. MANGI: Okav. 5 MS. NELSON: Can I address, briefly, Your Honor? Yeah, okay. 6 THE COURT: 7 MS. NELSON: And not to cut off Mr. Mangi off, but 8 I think we're moving on --9 No, he's going to -- he's going to live THE COURT: 10 right there. 11 MS. NELSON: That's mine. He can stay there. 12 MR. MANGI: I like it here. 13 MS. NELSON: I just want to be very clear, 14 Your Honor. We cited cases in our letter. The apex 15 doctrine, black-letter law, it does not apply to document 16 discovery. Right? The purpose of the apex doctrine is to 17 shield high-level executives from being forced to testify, 18 because that takes time out of their lives. It takes time 19 out of their days. That is the purpose. It's about 20 testimony. 21 It does not apply, clear law, it does apply to 22 document discovery. 23 THE COURT: So you're not alleging --24 (Simultaneous conversation) 25 THE COURT: -- if it doesn't apply.

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MS. NELSON: It does not put any burden opinion executives to have their documents collected. It just doesn't. So I don't think that's an issue that we should be debating here. I think the law's very clear. MR. MANGI: Identify in the same way, but nonetheless, when you're talking about at that executives of the company, whether you need to go and wade through all of their documents -- them for the purposes of collection, expose all of their very sensitive documents to these guys, yeah, I would suggest that when you're dealing with a top executive, there needs to be just a little bit more circumspection and need shown, which they have not done for any of those people. So if Your Honor's point is, look, when it comes to the number they wanted, you know, we think we should compromise and do four, okay. I said start with four. THE COURT: We'll talk to them about it. MR. MANGI: And then we can discuss the two that THE COURT: you're going to try and protect with the apex doctrine, which is, according to adversary inapplicable to documents. MR. MANGI: Yeah. THE COURT: I just assume ultimately you're going to want to depose him anyway, but maybe not. MR. MANGI: Yeah, my one -- the only -- we'll do

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1
    that, Your Honor. Understood. Have the one point I just
 2
    want to flag, though, Your Honor, you know, is every time we
   add a custodian -- right? -- that is adding significant more
 3
 4
    time to the case, and we're doing this, you know, now a month
 5
    after the substantial close of production.
              So I'm very concerned and my client is very
 6
 7
    concerned about this case being pushed off into eternity
 8
   which makes them 10 times as much money every month as they
 9
    spend on litigation.
                          It won't get pushed off until it --
10
              THE COURT:
11
    until eternity. I'm doing the best I can.
12
              MR. MANGI:
                         No, no. I hear you, Your Honor.
                                                             Ι
13
    just want to --
14
              THE COURT:
                          So you have to -- when you have to
15
    spend the weekend and Mr. Duva has to spend a week or two
16
    evaluating close to a hundred pages of letters --
17
              MR. MANGI:
                          Yeah.
18
              Your Honor --
19
              THE COURT:
                         You tell me who's putting the case off.
20
              MR. MANGI:
                         No, no, well, but, Your Honor, I would
21
    like to point out one fact about that. You will note that of
22
    the six applications that are here before you today, there is
23
    not one, not one made by us. We made all our motions --
              THE COURT:
24
                         That's true.
25
              MR. MANGI:
                         -- months ago. And you'll remember --
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1 But if you just say "yes" to THE COURT: 2 everything, then we wouldn't be here. 3 MR. MANGI: Yes. But you'll remember, Your Honor, 4 that every application we had was discrete, was focused, and 5 was made on time. 6 THE COURT: I do remember that. 7 Okay. So I certainly -- you know, I MR. MANGI: understand the frustration with the current load. But I did 8 9 want to point that out. Okay. I wouldn't call it frustration. 10 THE COURT: 11 I'd call it anger. 12 Yeah, and -- justified. MR. MANGI: 13 THE COURT: You know how nice it was Saturday? Going through this stuff? 14 MR. MANGI: 15 THE COURT: The weather. 16 MR. MANGI: Oh, the weather. 17 THE COURT: Do you know? Because I don't. 18 MR. MANGI: Your Honor, actually, I don't either. 19 I'm sorry to say. 20 THE COURT: Take us off the record. 21 Thanks. 22 (Conclusion of proceedings) 23 2.4 25

Certification 1 2 I, SARA L. KERN, Transcriptionist, do hereby certify 3 that the 122 pages contained herein constitute a full, true, and accurate transcript from the official electronic 4 5 recording of the proceedings had in the above-entitled 6 matter; that research was performed on the spelling of proper 7 names and utilizing the information provided, but that in 8 many cases the spellings were educated guesses; that the 9 transcript was prepared by me or under my direction and was 10 done to the best of my skill and ability. 11 I further certify that I am in no way related to any of 12 the parties hereto nor am I in any way interested in the outcome hereof. 13 14 15 16 17 S/ Sara L. Kern 18 2nd of November, 2023 19 Signature of Approved Transcriber Date 20 21 Sara L. Kern, CET**D-338 22 King Transcription Services, LLC 3 South Corporate Drive, Suite 203 Riverdale, NJ 07457 23 (973) 237-6080 2.4 25